

#### OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE TECHNOLOGY SERVICES

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January 4, 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi, President, and Members of The Senate Thirty-First State Legislature Hawaii State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki, Speaker, and Members of The House of Representatives Thirty-First State Legislature Hawaii State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

Pursuant to HRS section 27-43.6, which requires the Chief Information Officer to submit applicable independent verification and validation reports to the Legislature within ten days of receiving the report, please find attached the report the Office of Enterprise Technology Services received for the State of Hawaii Department of Education's FMS Modernization Project.

In accordance with HRS section 93-16, this report may be viewed electronically at http://ets.hawaii.gov (see "Reports").

Sincerely,

Douglas Murdock **Chief Information Officer** 

State of Hawai'i

Attachment (2)



# FMS Modernization Project

Department of Education (DOE)

IV&V Monthly Status Report - Final

For Reporting Period: July 20 – August 15, 2021

Draft Submitted: September 8, 2021

Final Submitted: December 9, 2021



#### **Overview**

- Executive Summary
- IV&V Findings and Recommendations
- IV&V Status
- Appendices
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### **Executive Summary**

The Aukahi Financial Management System (FMS) has been up and running for over 3 weeks now and, despite some challenges, users appear to be adapting to the new system and some significant process changes. IV&V remains concerned that the project may still face challenges meeting their post go-live support and system operation objectives and remains concerned that the single DOE procurement SME lacks the capacity to manage and provide timely completion of assigned tasks. As of the end of this reporting period, this SME had approximately 231 tickets assigned to them, many of which have gone unresolved for over 3 weeks. Further, the existing triage support team (3 DOE resources) that supported them will be rolling off the project on 8/27/21; this single resource will now take over triage responsibilities for the category of tickets that has by far the most Aukahi tickets.

IV&V continues to recommend DOE optimize their help desk (HD) processes and reporting to provide greater visibility for DOE executive leadership to effectively assess the impact the system is having on users. For example, HD reporting should provide better visibility into the number of tickets that have gone unresolved for greater than 10 and 20 days, as well as provide better indicators of specific bottlenecks. HD data currently suggests the Aukahi support team is losing ground on ticket resolution as the number of new unresolved tickets continues to outpace resolved tickets. Some users have stated they have lost confidence in submitting tickets to resolve their issues and the ability of the support infrastructures to support them. IV&V recommends DOE make efforts to acquire broad direct user feedback (potentially via surveys) to objectively assess actual user experience from the field rather than relying on anecdotal reports. Failure to acquire sufficient direct user feedback could lead to uninformed leadership decisions as managerial feedback may not align with individual user experiences. Further, early post go-live surveys could provide a baseline to compare to later surveys that could provide greater visibility into the effectiveness of improvement efforts.

IV&V also remains concerned that project management challenges and the planned departure of the DOE PM in October could impact the effective and timely completion of the remaining project activities. It remains unclear who will compensate for the loss of the DOE PM resource; these responsibilities may fall on the already constrained DOE SMEs and DOE IT leadership. Also, once the SI warranty period ends in mid-October 2021, the SI intends to replace their original project team with SI Managed Services team members who may lack subject matter expertise to fully support the system and meet DOE expectations for their system support objectives.

IV&V has opened a new issue with regard to DOE's lack of well-defined and/or documented service management processes. This issue has already hindered project development efforts and post go-live system support/maintenance quality and productivity.

IV&V also remains concerned with the lack of clarity around who will lead and be responsible for the quality of user support, DOE's ability to effectively manage Oracle quarterly releases, and whether the current security configurations mitigate fraud and fully support separation of duties and the principle of least permissions (PoLP).



Jun	Jul	Aug	Category	IV&V Observations
H		L	Cost & Schedule Management	IV&V remains concerned that the project may still face challenges meeting their post go-live support and system operational objectives. Tasks that have been pushed out (in order to prioritize go-live activities and meet their aggressive schedule) could continue to limit project team capacity and could lead to delays in implementing important or time sensitive system enhancements and negatively impact DOE business objectives. The project has reported that some system reports and other features need to be completed soon in order to avoid impacts to business operations.



Jun	Jul	Aug	Category	IV&V Observations
<b>M</b>	complete tasks assigned. As assigned to them, and the procurement procedural issurproviding individual training f procurement system issue. continues to recommend ad assigned to this SME and to for over 3 weeks. Further, the project on 8/27/21 and this second to the system of the project on 8/27/21 and this system issue.	IV&V remains concerned that the single DOE procurement SME lacks the capacity to manage and complete tasks assigned. As of the end of this reporting period, this SME had approximately 231 tickets assigned to them, and they are the single DOE resource assigned to assessing and solutioning procurement procedural issues and managing solutions to procurement system issues. This SME is also providing individual training for area leaders (CABMs) to explain complex workarounds for one impactful procurement system issue. Though efforts are being made to support the procurement SME, IV&V continues to recommend additional resources be allocated to address the significant number of tickets assigned to this SME and to avoid delays in resolving user tickets, many of which have gone unresolved for over 3 weeks. Further, the existing support ticket triage team (3 DOE resources) will be rolling off the project on 8/27/21 and this single resource will now take over triage responsibilities for the category of tickets that has by far the most Aukahi tickets.		
			Management	Other DOE project SMEs have experienced some relief now that the system has gone live, though oth continue to be constrained. IV&V continues to recommend DOE leadership make additional efforts manage and solution overallocated project DOE resources as back-to-school activities and other D initiatives continue to weigh on DOE project and support team personnel, including an initiative enhance their HR system to support tracking COVID vaccination and testing.
				Once the SI warranty period ends, mid-October 2021, the SI intends to replace their original project team with a new SI Managed Services team. IV&V remains concerned that the new SI team may lack subject matter expertise to fully support the system and could struggle to meet DOE expectations for completing remaining contractually required requirements and meeting their post go-live system support objectives.



Jun	Jul	Aug	Category	IV&V Observations
				IV&V remains concerned that planning activities to manage post go-live activities may lack sufficient detail and may not effectively plan for DOE resource constraints. Neither the SI nor the DOE PMO have plans to provide a detailed, dependency-based, and fully resourced project plan for post go-live and M&O activities. Further, IV&V remains concerned that SI PM activities appear to have been scaled back, likely leaving the burden of project management falling on DOE SME's and their PMO. Project management of the remaining project activities could further be constrained once the Gartner PM contract ends in October 2021. It remains unclear who will compensate for the loss of the Gartner PM resource; these responsibilities may fall on the already constrained DOE SMEs and DOE IT leadership.
Н	M	M	Project Management & Organization	IV&V continues to recommend DOE optimize their help desk (HD) processes and reporting to provide greater visibility for DOE executive leadership to effectively assess the impact the system is having on users. For example, HD reporting should provide better visibility into the number of tickets that have gone unresolved for greater than 10 and 20 days, as well as provide better indicators of specific bottlenecks. HD data currently suggests the Aukahi support team is losing ground on ticket resolution as the number of new unresolved tickets continues to outpace resolved tickets. Some users have stated they have lost confidence in submitting tickets to resolve their issues and the ability of the Aukahi support team to support them.
				The project is making efforts to enable tier 2 support personnel (UST's) to resolve tickets and curtail escalation to tier 3 and 4 support personnel. IV&V also recommends DOE consider standing up a separate Aukahi FMS help desk and/or identify an acting Aukahi Support Manager to manage the significant number of Aukahi tickets and drive them to completion so that these duties do not fall on DOE functional leads that already have capacity challenges.
				It remains unclear whether Knowledge Transfer (KT) efforts have fully prepared DOE IT staff to fully support system security and other needs without SI assistance. DOE has indicated the SI has yet to conduct at least 2 more KT sessions. IV&V recommends DOE survey Aukahi system support personnel to ascertain whether they are confident they will be able to effectively support the system once the existing SI team members roll off the project in October 2021.



Jun	Jul	Aug	Category	IV&V Observations
				IV&V recommends DOE make efforts to acquire broad direct user feedback (potentially via surveys) to objectively assess actual user experience from the field rather than relying on anecdotal reports. DOE has indicated their reluctance to burden their users with surveys, however, surveys could be crafted in a way that limits the level of effort to complete a survey (e.g., a 30 second multiple choice survey which gathers only high-level user experience feedback). Failure to acquire direct user feedback could lead to uninformed leadership decisions as managerial feedback may not align with individual user experiences. Further, early post go-live surveys could provide a baseline to compare to later surveys that could provide greater visibility into the effectiveness of improvement efforts.
H	M	<b>S</b>	Project Management & Organization (cont'd)	IV&V has opened a new issue (#16: Insufficient IT Service Management processes have hindered project productivity and could negatively impact post go-live productivity and lead to rework) with regard to DOEs lack of well-defined and/or documented service management processes (e.g., enhancement, defect, help desk, incident, change, configuration, and release processes). This issue has already hindered Aukahi development efforts and post go-live system support/maintenance productivity and had required the project team to make significant last-minute efforts to establish support processes for Aukahi FMS (see finding #11). Standardized release management and governance processes, developed prior to project implementation, would have saved valuable time and likely would have avoided some vendor release management miscues. If progress is not made on establishing improved IT service management processes and better IT governance, future system support and maintenance efforts (as well as future IT initiatives) could be further hindered and could leave DOE unable to effectively and efficiently meet system support, maintenance, quality, and performance objectives. The DOE IT division (OITS) has begun making efforts to establish and document clear governance processes to standardize IT processes and provide consistent guidance for system development and system maintenance/support efforts going forward.



Jun	Jul	Aug	Category	IV&V Observations
M	M	M	Quality Management	DOE had elected to remove SI access to the Production (prod) environment given that there were some indications that the SI may have bypassed configuration and release management processes in order to implement quick fixes to the system. DOE has indicated they will likely restore SI read-only access to prod so the SI can more effectively troubleshoot system issues. It remains unclear if current configuration management processes are sufficient to ensure effective tracking of configuration changes and provide a feasible way to track who made changes and when. For example, after one recent incident/bug, the project was unable to provide details of which configuration changes were made just before the error message appeared. Detailed tracking of configuration changes can provide important system debugging information and speed resolution of bugs that are hindering user productivity.

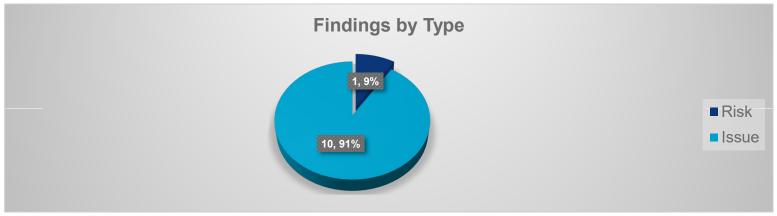


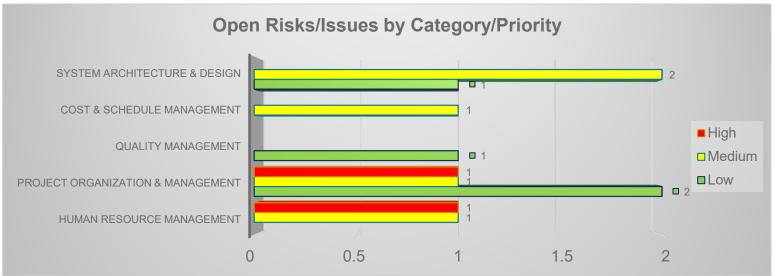
Jun	Jul	Aug	Category	IV&V Observations
				DOE leadership continues to be concerned with the quality of Oracle support, as well as system limitations, and a cloud product (Oracle Financials) that has failed to fully meet their expectations. DOE has made extensive efforts to not only craft multiple work arounds but also to train their users on how to implement complicated work arounds to address OF limitations.
M	M	M	System Architecture	It remains unclear whether the current security configurations mitigate fraud and fully support separation of duties and the principle of least permissions (PoLP). IV&V recommends the project preform an assessment to determine if existing configurations fully support industry standard security controls, determine gaps, and add corrective actions to the product backlog.
			& Design	IV&V remains concerned that implementation of one interface (Capital Improvement system interface) that has been delayed to post go-live could pose a significant level of effort for the project team due to lack of clear requirements. DOE leadership and IV&V remain concerned that existing interfaces to external systems may face reliability challenges given that many are reliant on flat files, manual processes, and antiquated technology. IV&V recommends DOE explore prioritizing upgrades of external systems and Aukahi interfaces, where possible, to modernize (e.g., utilize modern web services) and increase Aukahi system interface reliability going forward.



### **IV&V** Findings and Recommendations

IV&V identified 11 findings (10 issues and 1 risks) for this reporting period and opened one new issue. The following chart breaks down the findings by type/category/priority.







#### Summary of IV&V Open Risks/Issues Criticality

Category	Туре	#	Finding Title	Criticality
Cost & Schedule Management	Issue	3	Adoption of an aggressive schedule could lead to poor system quality, user frustration, stretch DOE resources beyond their capacity, and bad press.	Medium
Human	Issue 1	2	Over reliance on a few skilled and overtaxed DOE project resources could lead to significant project disruption.	High
Resource Management	gement Issue 5 SI staffing challenges could reduce project productivity and system design quality, and lead to so	SI staffing challenges could reduce project productivity and system design quality, and lead to schedule delays.	Medium	
Project Organization &	Risk	8	Inefficient project management practices could lead to overall lack of productive project activities and ultimately schedule delays.	Low
Management	Issue	11	Insufficient knowledge transfer (KT) and M&O planning prior to go-live could lead to project delays and diminished quality of post go-live support.	High
	Issue	15	Training challenges have led to some confusion, user frustration, and overwhelmed support personnel.	Medium
	Issue	16	<new> Insufficient IT Service Management processes have hindered project productivity and could negatively impact post go-live productivity and lead to rework.</new>	Low
Quality Management	Issue	10	Inadequate release management processes could lead to significant rework and schedule delays.	Low
	Issue	7	Oracle Financials environment constraints could lead to schedule delays and leave the project unable to meet development, testing, and training objectives.	Medium
System Architecture &	Issue	9	User provisioning and security model complexities could lead to unmet user expectations, unfulfilled business objectives, and schedule delays.	Medium
Design	Issue	13	Integration with older (antiquated technology) systems could be unexpectedly complicated and lead to schedule delays.	Low



## Cost & Schedule Management

#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
3	Issue - Adoption of an aggressive schedule could lead to poor system quality, user frustration, stretch DOE resources beyond their capacity, and bad press: In October of 2018, the aging DOE FMS failed, was offline for several weeks, and led to significant disruption of critical operations. As a result, the DOE quickly procured and launched this project with the goal of replacing their FMS as quickly as possible to avoid a similar event. The project is currently executing an aggressive, accelerated timeline with a January 2021 go-live date. This accelerated schedule incurs risks that the DOE has deemed acceptable given the potential larger risks associated with another legacy FMS failure. In order to speed implementation, the project has elected to implement a cloud-based Oracle Software-as-a-Service platform based on a pre-configured template, leverage Agile SDLC methods, limit the amount of new or improved functionality, and scaled back some project documentation and early analysis. If this risk is realized, negative user feedback could lead to inflammatory media coverage which could negatively impact legislative, board of education, and public support. The project has stated they will only go live if the system sufficiently supports DOE operations and users are able to do their jobs.	Medium



# Cost & Schedule Management (cont'd)

Recommendations					
<ul> <li>Project leadership closely monitor project productivity and meet regularly to perform continuous process improvement (continuously reach out for feedback and move quickly to improve unproductive project elements and processes).</li> </ul>	In progress				
<ul> <li>Leadership take steps to closely monitor project team capacity and assure resources are not overallocated.</li> </ul>	In progress				
<ul> <li>Request that the SI address issues with their project team that place an unnecessary burden on overtaxed DOE SMEs.</li> </ul>	In progress				
<ul> <li>DOE make extensive efforts to manage user expectations with regard to system limitations and work arounds.</li> </ul>	In progress				
<ul> <li>DOE executive leadership clearly communicate to project stakeholders how they should prioritize project activities appropriately.</li> </ul>	In progress				



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#### **Human Resource Management**

#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
2	Issue - Over reliance on a few skilled and overtaxed DOE project resources could lead to significant project disruption: There are currently 3-4 DOE team members who are relied on to a greater extent than others. Each of these individuals have significant standing critical operational responsibilities and most have managerial responsibilities as well. While each of these team members have indicated a strong commitment to project success, each has multiple competing priorities, and most will be constrained with operational tasks between now and go-live. It remains unclear if DOE staffing levels committed to in the original Statement of Work (SOW) have been met.  Over reliance on key resources can not only overtax and thereby reduce the effectiveness of these key individuals, but also presents a risk of significant project disruption in the event of their departure. While most projects have this risk, the risk impact for this project, from IV&V's perspective, is higher than most, and while the project could be impacted by the loss of any DOE team members, there are 3-4 individuals who are relied on to a greater extent than others. Loss of these individuals could lead to significant project disruption. Failure to transfer standing daily operational and managerial responsibilities from these individuals to other DOE resources could stretch them beyond their capacity and lead to a lack of job satisfaction, decreased productivity, decrease in quality, and increases the probably they could make critical mistakes that could negatively impact the project. Several of these key resources have indicated they have significant operational responsibilities and projects between now and go-live (e.g., year-end close, audit, the Time & Leave project, preparations for the new school year, etc.) and may simply lack the capacity to meet all current expectations. Further, if the SI is not able to resolve some staffing challenges (see <i>Risk #5</i> ), the project may increase their reliance on these individuals and may have to work harder	High



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#### Human Resource Management (cont'd)

Criticality **Key Findings** Rating Issue - SI staffing challenges could reduce project productivity and system design quality, and lead to schedule delays: Since soon after project launch, the DOE project leadership has raised several concerns with regards to the SI project team. DOE stakeholders have reported that working session productivity has, at times, been hindered by the apparent lack of sufficient knowledge, capabilities, and expertise of some SI team members. While some appear to have some strong capabilities and financial system knowledge, others appear to lack the capability to drive productive discussions, quickly solution implementation issues, and accelerate the Software Development Lifecyle (SDLC). The SI has recently responded to DOE leadership concerns that the SI PM lacked sufficient capabilities, experience, and the temperament to perform effectively as the project PM. The SI has responded to these concerns and the engagement manager has temporarily taken over PM responsibilities and augmented their team with a project coordinator resource. DOE leadership has raised concerns with other SI leads as well and the SI appears to be making efforts to augment their staffing model to address each concern. Medium Due to the accelerated project schedule, the project can ill afford to tolerate a lack of productivity given go-live is in 6 months. One of the primary factors of project success is establishing a skilled, experienced, productive, highly available and high-functioning team. If the SI is not able to quickly implement a staffing model that can establish this kind of team, the project schedule could be at risk. Further, the lack of sufficiently capable SI resources could weigh heavily on already constrained DOE SMEs as they attempt to compensate and extend additional efforts to ensure project milestones are met. The addition of highly capable and experienced SI resources could reduce the burden on DOE SMEs. This risk is likely to be exacerbated by the significant time zone difference between the project team (HST and PST) and the SI technical team who reside in India. The SI teams' apparent lack of deep, expert-level Oracle Financials (OF) cloud expertise could continue to reduce the productivity of work sessions and/or lead to poor design decisions that could require significant rework once a better design or solution is discovered.

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#### Human Resource Management (cont'd)

Recommendations	Progress
• Executive leadership regularly monitor the workload and job satisfaction of key individuals as well as assist with workload management, clarification of priorities, and establishment of a sustainable pace.	In progress
Temporarily re-allocate operational/managerial responsibilities from key overtaxed resources.	In progress
Consider temporary staff augmentation options (e.g., temps or 89-day hires) to both augment the existing project team and augment the operations staff to offload operational responsibilities from key resources.	In progress
<ul> <li>Request the SI explore augmenting their team with highly capable, expert-level resources that can provide technical leadership that could potentially accelerate the project and reduce the burden on constrained DOE SMEs.</li> </ul>	In progress
<ul> <li>Request the SI make efforts to ensure solutions they have provided, and key decision documents are properly vetted by industry experts to ensure the best options are being presented to DOE SMEs.</li> </ul>	Not started



### Project Management & Organization

#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
15	<new> Issue - Training challenges have led to some confusion, user frustration, and overwhelmed support personnel: DOE leadership, including the Superintendent, has indicated that the quality, effectiveness, and comprehensiveness of training is a top priority. However, SI implementation of training have not met DOE expectations as most SI trainers were brought in late into the project and did not have comprehensive knowledge of the system and refused to crosswalk existing legacy FMS functionality to new Aukahi functionality. Further, some SI instructors simply read though the slides without offering much context. Attendees questioned the value of these sessions over simply reading slides on their own. Post go-live, users complained that training should have included mappings between legacy FMS and Aukahi. Post go-live feedback has indicated that some users, despite attending training, remain unable to do their work without assistance. This has led to an elevated number of support tickets for basic system tasks. The bulk of support tickets appear to be related to purchasing. For the most part, DOE only has a single DOE SME responsible for responding to tickets related to purchasing. The project has also identified a significant purchase order related bug. Purchase order (PO) functionality is the most used feature in Aukahi FMS, therefore, any problems with PO's or user confusion over PO functionality will affect the largest number of users. Training challenges appear to have led to user frustration, users unable to do their job, an elevated number of user support tickets, and reduced user buy in. Because DOE currently has a single DOE SME responsible for responding to tickets related to purchasing, ticket response and resolution times will likely be delayed.</new>	Medium



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#### Project Management & Organization (cont'd)

#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
8	Risk - Inefficient project management practices could lead to overall lack of productive project activities and ultimately schedule delays: This project is scoped to be staffed by both a DOE PM and an SI PM with the SI PM managing the bulk of SDLC activities with the DOE PM assisting in managing DOE assigned project activities. The DOE struggled to adequately staff the DOE PM position during the initial months of the project, until they were able to acquire a capable consultant to fill the role, April 2020.  The project reported some early insufficient and inefficient project management processes, including:  Insufficient action item tracking and follow-up Insufficient attention to risk management Inefficient meetings Lack of clear meeting objectives and late delivery of meeting agenda's Lack of preparation and planning for meetings and work sessions Insufficient guidance on attendee management and vetting of attendees Previous SI project manager (PM) had not met project expectations for project leadership, strategic direction, communication, and organization.  The SI has recently responded to DOE leadership concerns by removing the SI PM and adding a project coordinator to their team, and the SI engagement manager has taken over as the PM and is now making some progress in addressing the above concerns. Lack of good project management processes can lead to an overall lack of project productivity, and ultimately lead to schedule delays and stakeholder frustration and reduced user buy-in. The SI appears to be making good progress in addressing DOE project management concerns. However, the impacts of operating the project under poor project management processes for the initial 5 months of the project remain unclear. Further, the current SI PM could be quickly overwhelmed as they attempt to fulfill both the PM and engagement manager roles, in addition to other responsibilities in their role as Vice President of Operations and senior CherryRoad executive (principle/partner). The recently added SI project coordinato	Low



Project Management & Organization (cont'd)

#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
11	Issue - Insufficient knowledge transfer and M&O planning prior to go-live could lead to project delays and diminished quality of post go-live support.: There appears to be a lack of clarity around post go-live support responsibilities and the level of SI support. Apparently, some contractual post go-live support requirements have yet to be clarified and agreed to between the SI and DOE. Further, DOE expectations for the SI to train their IT staff have not been met. The DOE IT group currently has some interface development project responsibilities and DOE's expectation was that the SI would provide sufficient knowledge transfer (KT) on Oracle Financials (OF) and Oracle Integration Cloud (OIC) in order to perform these tasks in a timely manner as well as meet expectations for DOE post go-live support responsibilities. DOE has stated their expectation that DOE IT staff would work alongside the SI technical team for KT throughout project implementation, however, the level of KT has not met DOE expectations thus far. If the DOE IT staff are not sufficiently trained to effectively implement their project tasks this could lead to a reduction of efficient execution and quality of the technical components they have been assigned and, ultimately, to schedule slippage. Lack of clarity or sufficient planning around post go-live support could lead to diminished quality of post go-live support. Failure to adequately augment the existing DOE IT group with OF skillsets could leave DOE unable to adequately support the new OF system post go-live and lead to an over-reliance on costly vendor resources and impact the project budget.	High



Project Management & Organization (cont'd)

#	Key Findings				
16	Risk - Insufficient IT Service Management processes have hindered project productivity and could negatively impact post go-live productivity and lead to rework.: DOE currently lacks well-defined, well-integrated, and/or documented enhancement, defect, help desk, incident, change, configuration, and release management processes. The project currently intends to utilize DOE's existing Change Control Board (CCB) but it remains unclear whether current change management processes employed by the CCB will assure effective change management for Aukahi. The DOE IT division (OITS) has begun making efforts to establish and document clear governance processes to standardize IT processes and provide consistent guidance for system development and system maintenance/support efforts going forward.  The lack of established well-defined, well-integrated, and documented service management processes has hindered project development and post go-live system support/maintenance productivity. For example, lack of well-defined and documented support processes required the project team to make significant last-minute efforts to establish support processes for Aukahi FMS (see finding #11: Insufficient knowledge transfer (KT) and M&O planning prior to go-live has led to diminished quality of post go-live support). Further, in response to multiple vendor release management miscues during the early Aukahi development stages, the project invested in additional effort to create clear release management processes mid-stream during development. Standardized release management and governance processes, developed prior to project implementation, would have saved valuable time and likely would have avoided the vendor release management miscues.  If progress is not made on establishing improved IT service management processes and better IT governance, future system support, maintenance efforts could be further hindered and could leave DOE unable to effectively and efficiently meet system support, maintenance, quality, and performance objectives.	Low			



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### Project Management & Organization (cont'd)

Recommendations	Progress
DOE clarify the plan for training for newly onboarded system users.	In progress
<ul> <li>Consider establishing a policy that requires new users complete a training regime prior to gaining access to the system in order to assure system data integrity.</li> </ul>	Not started
DOE work quickly to allocate additional resources to support the single DOE resource responsible for responding to tickets related to purchasing.	In progress
<ul> <li>Train Tier 2 help desk staff to increase their ticket resolution rate and lessen the burden on overtaxed Tier 3 and 4 resources. For example, Tier 2 could be better trained to understand available training resources, guides, and other self service support resources so they can effectively direct users to find the training/information they need.</li> </ul>	In progress
DOE revise their support plan to effectively address instances where SMEs are overwhelmed with tickets.	In progress
Optimize help desk reporting in order to better track and improve performance to ensure their processes customer support are optimal.	In progress
Survey users to obtain metrics for user satisfaction as well as identification of help desk and support process improvement opportunities.	Not started
<ul> <li>Consider standing up a separate Aukahi FMS help desk and/or identifying an acting Aukahi Support Manager to manage the significant number of Aukahi tickets and drive them to completion so that these duties do not fall on DOE functional leads that already have capacity challenges.</li> </ul>	In progress
<ul> <li>DOE consider performing an assessment of the current state of relevant IT Service Management and governance processes based on industry standards (e.g., ITIL) to identify gaps and then prioritize implementation and documentation of well-defined and robust processes.</li> </ul>	In progress
DOE consider establishing a separate Aukahi CCB to meet the immediate change management needs of the Aukahi FMS.	In progress

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## M Quality Management

#	Key Findings					
10	Issue – Inadequate release management processes could lead to significant rework and schedule delays: Due to existing Oracle Financials cloud limitations, upload of data is often difficult to back out. Errors made during data uploads can either require manual data entry corrections or an environment refresh that will likely take 3 weeks. During initial uploads to the development environment, the wrong version of a file use mistakenly uploaded which created some disruption of development activities. Due to limitations of the OF cloud limitations, back out of bad data or configurations is not always automated and therefore can require manual correction of data. Alternatively, if the data corruption is significant, the project may elect to refresh the environment to a previous state, however, an OF refresh will likely take 3 weeks, which may not be feasible given the tight deadlines. If comprehensive quality controls are not implemented as an integral part of release management processes, mistakes that are made by both DOE and the SI can be difficult to back out. Lack of clear upload file versioning and other controls could lead to wrong files being uploaded which could lead to disruption of development efforts and, if not caught, could lead to disruption of testing phases and ultimately, schedule slippage. If release management procedures are unclear or if the execution of release procedures lack sufficient rigor, the likelihood of missteps may increase. Missteps during testing or go-live could lead to user confusion, reduced user buy-in, costly schedule delays, reduced executive stakeholder project support, and a negative public perception that could be picked up by the local media (aka "bad press").	Low				



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#### Quality Management (cont'd)

Recommendations	Progress
<ul> <li>Implement comprehensive and rigorous release management processes and quality controls (checks and double-checks).</li> </ul>	In progress
Institute rigorous checklists and code freeze communications to assure quality release management processes.	In progress



## System Architecture & Design

#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
7	Issue – Oracle Financials environment constraints could lead to schedule delays and leave the project unable to meet development, testing, and training objectives: The project has planned for a total of 4 environments, currently slated for development, testing, training, and production. Oracle Financials cloud service level agreements for environment refresh is reportedly 3 weeks. The SI has indicated they are working on a strategy for accomplishing project objectives with the limited environments and the DOE is reportedly making efforts to increase the number of environments. Typically, projects of this size, complexity, and pace rely on quick environment refreshes in order to effectively meet development, testing, and training objectives. Most will plan for an abundance of environments in order to avoid the need to repurpose environments, avoid project delays, and provide flexibility to "freeze" environments to improve testing and training quality. If the project is unable to quickly refresh environments and is has only a limited number of environments.	Medium



System Architecture & Design (cont'd)

#	Key Findings					
9	Issue – User provisioning and security model complexities could lead to unmet user expectations, unfulfilled business objectives, and schedule delays: Initial security discussions have revealed some complexities and challenges with implementing a security model that fully meets DOE business objectives including segregation of duties, principle of least privilege. The project has elected to implement a single Business Unit (BU) for all of DOE, which could create system implementation challenges given Oracle Financials security is optimally implemented for multiple BU's. The SI is making efforts to ensure DOE business objectives are met and can be implemented so as not to put an undue burden on user provisioning staff. Implementation of a security model that does not meet user expectations and fully support end user provisioning and segregation of duties controls can lead to user frustration that:  • Security is too restrictive and hinders their ability to be productive and do their job  • Security is overly permissive and privileged information is visible to other groups that do not have a business need for the data  • User provisioning maintenance is overly complex and/or labor intensive  • The security model has made testing overly complex due to tester user provisioning challenges  The security model is currently being developed by a single SI resource. Failure to fully vet the proposed security model with multiple Oracle Financials cloud security experts and fully address DOE business objectives, could lead to project disruption in the event that a significant change to the model is needed as go-live approaches and as a result of mounting user complaints.	Medium				



System Architecture & Design (cont'd)

#	Key Findings				
13	Issue – Integration with older (antiquated technology) systems could be unexpectedly complicated and lead to schedule delays: The project currently has requirements to integrate with older systems that often lack sufficient documentation and/or system expertise. A number of systems that the new FMS must interface with are based on older technology that may be incompatible with new technology and can be difficult to integrate with. Many systems have accumulated a significant amount (decades in some instances) of technical debt, reportedly due to lack of funding and technical team capacity. For example, it has been reported that patching for many systems are severely out of date and may run on Operating Systems or other software technology/tools that are no longer supported by the vendor. Many of these systems no longer have system experts because support staff have moved on or retired, and documentation and/or knowledge transfer upon their departure may not have been sufficient. Documentation for many older systems is reportedly missing or incomplete.  Unexpected complications that arise in attempts to integrate with antiquated systems can lead to project delays or unexpected costs for tools to compensate for limitations of antiquated systems. Interface development efforts can also be delayed when expected system documentation, expertise, or vendor support is no longer available. Given the amount of technical debt these systems have accumulated over the years and the lack of system patching, the system could open the FMS replacement system, other connected systems, and the DOE to undue system failure risks. If any of these antiquated DOE systems fail during project execution, project resources (who are already at capacity) will likely have to be reallocated towards repair and recovery of these systems and lead to schedule delays.	Low			



# System Architecture & Design (cont'd)

Recommendations	Progress
Establish clear controls with regard to fraud, segregation of duties, and least privilege permissions.	In progress
<ul> <li>DOE leadership escalate to Oracle executive leadership and insist efforts be made to comprehensively repair an obvious bug that likely affects a broad customer base, not just DOE.</li> </ul>	In progress



#### **IV&V Status**

- IV&V activities performed during the reporting period:
  - Attended Project Management meetings
  - Attended Weekly Managers & Leads meetings
  - Attended various Working Group sessions
  - Review relevant project documentation
  - Led IV&V Risk Review sessions with project leadership and the SI
  - Interviewed DOE and SI project team members
  - Produced IV&V Monthly Status Report
- IV&V next steps in the coming reporting period:
  - Attend key project meetings
  - Interview additional key project stakeholders
  - Deliver next IV&V Monthly Status Report



## **Appendix A – IV&V Criticality Ratings**

This appendix provides the details of each finding and recommendation identified by IV&V. Project stakeholders are encouraged to review the findings and recommendations log details as needed.

#### See definitions of Criticality Ratings below:

Criticality Rating	Definition
H	A high rating is assigned if there is a possibility of substantial impact to product quality, scope, cost, or schedule. A major disruption is likely, and the consequences would be unacceptable. A different approach is required. Mitigation strategies should be evaluated and acted upon immediately.
M	A medium rating is assigned if there is a possibility of moderate impact to product quality, scope, cost, or schedule. Some disruption is likely, and a different approach may be required. Mitigation strategies should be implemented as soon as feasible.
L	A low rating is assigned if there is a possibility of slight impact to product quality, scope, cost, or schedule. Minimal disruption is likely, and some oversight is most likely needed to ensure that the risk remains low. Mitigation strategies should be considered for implementation when possible.

## **Appendix B – IV&V Standard Inputs**

#### To keep abreast of status throughout the project, IV&V regularly:

- Attends the project meetings
- Reviews the project documentation
- Utilizes Eclipse IV&V® Base Standards and Checklists





### **Appendix C – IV&V Details**

- What is Independent Verification and Validation (IV&V)?
  - Oversight by an independent third party that assesses the project against industry standards to provide an unbiased view to stakeholders
  - The goal of IV&V is to help the State get the solution they want based on requirements and have it built
    according to best practices
  - IV&V helps improve design visibility and traceability and identifies (potential) problems early
  - IV&V objectively identifies risks and communicates to project leadership for risk management

#### PCG IV&V Methodology

- Consists of a 4-part process made up of the following areas:
  - 1. **Discovery** Discovery consists of reviewing documentation, work products and deliverables, interviewing project team members, and determining applicable standards, best practices and tools
  - 2. Research and Analysis Research and analysis is conducted in order to form an objective opinion.
  - **3.** Clarification Clarification from project team members is sought to ensure agreement and concurrence of facts between the State, the Vendor, and PCG.
  - 4. Delivery of Findings Findings, observations, and risk assessments are documented in this monthly report and the accompanying Findings and Recommendations log. These documents are then shared with project leadership on both the State and Vendor side for them to consider and take appropriate action on.

Note: This report is a point-in-time document with findings accurate as of the last day in the reporting period.





**Solutions that Matter** 

Id Short Desc	Title / Summary	Finding Description	Analysis and Significance	Recommendation	Updates	Category	Туре	Priority	Status	Closure Reason	Closed Date	Identified Date
2 DOE capacity -	Over reliance on a few	There are currently 3-4 DOE team members who are	Over reliance on key resources can not only	Executive leadership regularly monitor the workload and job	08/15/21 - IV&V remains concerned that the single DOE procurement SME lacks the capacity to manage and	Human	Issue	High	Open			6/30/2020
overreliance	skilled and overtaxed	relied on to a greater extent than others. Each of these	overtax and thereby reduce the effectiveness of	satisfaction of these key individuals as well as assist with	complete tasks assigned. As of the end of this reporting period, this SME had approximately 231 tickets	Resource						
	DOE project resources	individuals have significant standing critical operational	these key individuals, but also presents a risk of	workload management, clarification of priorities, and		Management						
	has led to significant	responsibilities and most have managerial	significant project disruption in the event of their	establishment of a sustainable pace.	procedural issues and managing solutions to procurement system issues. This SME is also providing							
	project disruption.	responsibilities as well. While each of these team	departure. While most projects have this risk, the	Temporarily re-allocate operational/managerial	individual CABM training to explain complex workarounds for one impactful procurement system limitation.							
		members have indicated a strong commitment to project success, each has multiple competing priorities.	risk impact for this project, from IV&V's	responsibilities from key resources until project responsibilities are reduced.	Though efforts are being made to support the procurement SME, IV&V continues to recommend additional resources be allocated to address the significant number of tickets assigned to this SME and to avoid delays							
		and most will be constrained with operational tasks	project could be impacted by the loss of any DOE	Consider temporary staff augmentation options to both	in resolving user tickets, many of which have gone unresolved for 3-4 weeks. Other DOE project SMEs have							
		between now and go-live. It remains unclear if DOE	team members, there are 3-4 individuals who are	augment the existing project team and augment the	experienced some relief now that the system has gone live, though others continue to be constrained.							
		staffing levels committed to in the original Statement	relied on to a greater extent than others. Loss of	operations staff to offload operational responsibilities from	IV&V continues to recommend DOE leadership make additional efforts to manage and solution							
		of Work (SOW) have been met (see SOW, page 3).	these individuals could lead to significant project	key resources.	overallocated project DOE resources as back-to-school activities and other DOE initiatives continue to weigh							
		(,	disruption. Failure to transfer standing daily		on DOE project and support team personnel, including an initiative to enhance their HR system to support							
			operational and managerial responsibilities from	team can no longer sustain project and operational activities	tracking COVID vaccination and testing.							
			these individuals to other DOE resources could	at the expected pace or if key resoures are lost.								
			stretch them beyond their capacity and lead to a	Prepare a resource management plan that addresses	07/15/21 - DOE has indicated their intention to extend the contract for the Gartner PM project resources							
			lack of job satisfaction, decreased productivity,	current and projected project resource constraints and clearly	beyond the original 7/23/2021 completion date to sometime in October 2021. While this should help with							
			decrease in quality, and increases the probably	identifies additional resource needs, including post go-live	management of the significant number of post go-live tasks and planning activities, the division of							
			they could make critical mistakes that could	needs.	responsibilities between the SI PM and the DOE (Gartner) PM remains unclear. Effective management of							
			negatively impact the project. Several of these key	Request that the SI address issues with their project team	remaining tasks could be critical to ensure DOE SME capacity is managed well and preventing them from							
			resources have indicated they have significant	that place an unnecessary burden on overtaxed DOE SMEs.	becoming overwhelmed with support and other tasks. There are early indications that the single DOE							
			operational responsibilities and projects between		purchasing SME could quickly become overwhelmed with trouble tickets and it appears there is no plan in							
			now and go-live (e.g., year-end close, audit, the Time & Leave project, preparations for the new		place to manage the potential workload. It appears the project is accepting the risk that tickets assigned to this resource could go unanswered for extended periods of time and lead to significant user frustration.							
			school year, etc.) and may simply lack the capacity		The longer users wait for assistance with submitted tickets, the more teachers could be hindered from							
			to meet all current expectations. Further, if the SI		preparing for the new school year and lead to further delays in paying DOE vendors. Failure to address							
			is not able to resolve some staffing challenges (see		resource constraints could lead to further post go-live project disruption.							
			related risk), the project may increase their									
			reliance on these individuals and may have to work		06/15/21 - IV&V remains concerned that key DOE project participants continue to operate at their							
			harder to ensure system designs are accurate,		maximum capacity and that the flurry of activities, many of which have been pushed out closer to go-live,							
			project milestones are met, and overall project		could result in further sacrifice of quality or schedule slippage. There is currently no objective way to							
			activities remain productive.		determine SMEs remaining workload and whether they will be able to complete assigned tasks prior to go-							
					live. The DOE PM will likely be out indefinitely starting sometime close to 7/11/2021, therefore Gartner has							
3 Accelerated	Adoption of an	In October of 2018, the aging DOE FMS failed, was	The accelerated schedule could lead to:	Take steps to assure sufficient OCM planning and activities	08/15/21 - IV&V remains concerned that the project may still face challenges meeting their post go-live	Cost & Schedule	Issue	Medium	Open			6/30/2020
Schedule	aggressive schedule	offline for several weeks, and led to significant	•Eack of thorough consideration of required	are performed to inform users of work arounds, know bugs,	support and system operation objectives. Tasks that have been pushed out in order to prioritize go-live	Management						
	has led to poor system	disruption of critical operations. As a result, the DOE	business process changes resulting from the new	and process changes as a result of their aggressive schedule.	activities could continue limit project team capacity and could lead to delays in implementing important or							
	quality, user	quickly procured and launched this project with the	system	Project leadership closely monitor project productivity and	time sensitive system enhancements that could negatively impact DOE business objectives. The project has							
	frustration, stretch	goal of replacing their FMS as quickly as possible to	Bser confusion and frustration due to the added	meet regularly to perform continuous process improvement	reported that some system reports and other features need to be completed soon in order to avoid impacts							
	DOE resources beyond their capacity, and bad	avoid a similar event. The project is currently executing an aggressive, accelerated timeline with a January 2021		(continuously reach out for feedback and move quickly to improve unproductive project elements and processes).	to business operations.							
	nress.	go-live date. This accelerated schedule incurs risks that		Leadership take steps to closely monitor project team	07/15/21 - The project was able to achieve their July 19 go-live date. While go-live is no longer at risk, the							
	picas.	the DOE has deemed acceptable given the potential	Dever allocation of project resources and users	capacity and assure resources are not overallocated.	project may still face challenges meeting their post go-live support and system operation objectives. Many							
		larger risks associated with another legacy FMS failure.		Implement a plan for broad validation of system	tasks have been pushed out in order to prioritize go-live activities. Also, some SME's capacity to support							
		In order to speed implementation, the project has	time to plan and execute	functionality with clear channels of communication for user	ticket resolution could be constrained as they work to resolve system and new procedural issues. Further,							
			■Project decisions to cut corners to meet	feedback to assure all users are able to perform their duties.	delays in planning and implementing their post go-live support infrastructure could still lead to user							
		a-Service platform based on a pre-configured template,	milestones and DOE expectation	Prepare and implement a public relations plan to avoid	frustration and bad press. This issue could be compounded by the flood of back to school activities (that							
		leverage Agile SDLC methods, limit the amount of new	<ul> <li>■nproductive working sessions due to</li> </ul>	inflammatory media coverage which could negatively impact	often trigger up to 1000 tickets per day during this time) that will likely tax support personnel and test the							
		or improved functionality, and scaled back some	insufficient analysis efforts	legislative, board of education, and public support.	patience of users when they attempt to use the system for the first time to perform back to school							
		project documentation. The SI has stated that they	<ul> <li>Eimited time to react to or resolve issues that</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Consider employing the role of a Scrum Master whose prime</li> </ul>	transactions.							
		had scaled back early analysis efforts in order to meet	may arise	directive is to remove roadblocks to productivity.								
		DOE expectations for an accelerated schedule. The SI	Boor system design	SI clearly and often communicate specific DOE activity	06/15/21 - The project continues to accept risks associated with the aggressive schedule, including multiple							
		also stated that initial analysis would not be needed	•A flurry of chaotic stakeholder activity as the	prioritization and dependencies and perform risk mitigation	readiness risks, in order to quickly move off their failing legacy FMS system. IV&V, DOE PMO, and DOE							
1 1		because the project will be adopting a preconfigured Oracle SAAS template for system implementation and	project progresses closer to go-live.	planning to avoid schedule slippage.  • Clarify DOE PM vs. SI PM roles on the project with regard to	support personnel remain concerned that few details have been provided as to how user support will be provided post go-live and whether current efforts to develop and implement a comprehensive support plan		1		1		1	1
1 1			This risk could be exacerbated by other IV&V	Clarify DOE PM vs. SI PM roles on the project with regard to monitoring critical path activities that appear to be falling	provided post go-live and whether current efforts to develop and implement a comprehensive support plan can be effectively completed prior to go-live. Though the technical go-live production build appears to be		1		1		1	1
1 1		that DOE users will be required to change their existing processes and adopt processes supported by the	identified risks which could lead to a need to	behind as well as other risk mitigation activities.	progressing well, IV&V is concerned that a comprehensive operational readiness checklist has yet to be		1		1		1	1
		platform template. Some SMEs have reported early	extend the project schedule. If these potential	DOE explore providing the project with a dedicated report	developed, managed, and tracked. This checklist can help bring order to the flurry of activities as go-live							
1 1		work session have been unproductive due to the lack	risks are realized, negative user feedback could	writer that could be trained on the new reporting tools and	approaches and can help to assure important tasks are not overlooked. IV&V and DOE leadership have		1		1		1	1
1.1		of sufficient early analysis efforts.	lead to inflammatory media coverage which could		some uncertainty around the effectiveness of system testing as test script development may have been		1		1		1	1
1.1			negatively impact legislative, board of education,	stakeholders.	rushed, which could elevate the number of help desk tickets in the weeks following go-live.		1		1		1	1
1 1			and public support.	DOE make extensive efforts to manage user expectations			1		1		1	1
1.1			Some SMEs have reported early work sessions	with regard to system limitations and work arounds.	05/15/2021 - The project continues to accept risks associated with the aggressive schedule including		1		1		1	1
1.1			have been unproductive due to the lack of		multiple readiness risks including:		1		1		1	1
			sufficient early analysis efforts. This risk could be		Not all planned system features will be available at go-live.		1		1		1	1
1.1	1		exacerbated by other IV&V identified risk which		2) Some functionality has yet to be fully vetted, implemented, and fully tested.				1			
	I		could lead to a need to extend the project		3) Users will be required to perform multiple live system workarounds until functionality can be		1	1	1		l	1

ld Short Desc	Title / Summary	Finding Description	Analysis and Significance	Recommendation	Updates	Category	Туре	Priority	Status	Closure Reason	Closed Date	Identified Date
5 Straffing Challenges	Title Summary  Si staffing challenges have reduced project productivity and system design quality, and led to schedule delays.	Finding Description  Since soon after project launch, the DDE project leadership has raised several concerns with regards to the Si project team. DDE stakeholders have reported that working ession productively has, at times, been hadestild by the apparent leaf of a fiscent knowledge, controlled to the stakeholders have reported hadestild by the apparent leaf of a fiscent knowledge, controlled to the stakeholders appear to leak the capability to drive productive discussions, quickly sold in implementation issues, and accelerate the Software Development Lifecyle SOLIC, The S has recently responded to DDE leadership concerns that the SI PM lacked sufficient capabilities, experience, and the temperament to perform effectively as the project PM. The SI has responded to these concerns and the engagement manager has temporarily taken over PM responsibilities and augmented their team with a project coordinator resource. DOE leadership has raised concerns with other SI leads as well and the SI appears to be making efforts to augment their staffing model to address each concern.	Due to the accelerated project schedule, the project can ill afford to tolerate a lack of productivity gleen go-live is in 6 moths. One of the primary factors of project succes is the stabilishing a slidle, esperienced, productive, highly available and high-functioning team. If the six not able to quickly implement a saffing model that can establish this kind of team, the project schedule could be at risk. Further, he lack of sufficiently capable Stresources could weigh heavily on already constrained DOS SMEs as they attempt to compensate and extend additional efforts to ensure project milestones are met. The addition of highly capable and experienced SI resources could reduce the burden on DOS SMEs. This risk is likely to be exacerbated by the significant time some difference between the project team (HST and PST) and the SI technical team who reside in India.	Work closely with the SI in their staffing efforts and quickly, but thoroughly, vet additions to the SI project team.	Updates  (My15/21 - Once the SI warranty period ends, mid-October 2021, the SI will replace their project team with a new SI Managed Services team. V&V remains concerned that the new SI team may lack subject matter expertise to fully support the system and could struggle to meet DOE expectations for completing remaining contractually required requirements and meeting their post op the system support objectives. DOE has reported that SI response times appear to be slowed now that the system stage one lost, and expressed concern that some SI resources will be rolling off the project (prior to the end of the SI warranty period) and are being replaced with SI resources will be rolling off the project (prior to the end of the SI warranty period) and are being replaced with SI resources that may lack the subject matter expertise of their predecessors.  - need governance over allocation and spending of MO budget - current ccb may not be optimal to accomplish goals; establish good processes to ensure MO budget is well spent and to keep SI accountable -2506, 18 hrs or so so  - CR may have broke trust between Azure and O - happened during floid his, nothing in log - may not have SN module for config register.  - bug- once trust is broken, quick fix doesn't work, have to exchange keys, need to engage Azure folks - took away access from CR for prod  07/15/21. The team came together in the remaining weeks prior to go live and key DOE SME's demonstrated the ability to mitigate many risks of the SSI suck of skilled expert development and PM resources. NSV observed DOE SME's stepping in to catch important tasks or problematic issues that could have been missed. It remains unclear if the existing Si resources will be able to quickly solution system issues post go-live and users loss of productivity as they wait for the SI to solution and implement important system fixes. These delays could lead to reduced user buy-in and/or negative press.		Type	Medium	Open	Closure Reason	Closed Date	Date 6/30/2020
7 Oracle	Oracle Financials	The project has planned for a total of 4 environments,	Typically, projects of this size, complexity, and	Plan ahead to procure or provision additional environments	SI resources which have put an additional burden on key overtaxed DOE SMEs as they, at times, need to compensate for some lack of productivity or lack of task management skills. However, DOE SME have reported that the quality of SI work is improving incrementally, for example, the quality of SI security configurations has improved. Still, IVBV and DOE SMEs remain concerned that the lack of quality controls around SI configurations could still lead to an increase in the number of bugs post go-live.	System	Issue	Medium	Onen			6/30/2020
Platform	environment constraints has lead to schedule delays and left the project unable to meet some development, testing, and training objectives.	currently stated for development, testing, training, and production. Oracle financial cloud service level agreements for environment refresh is reportedly 3 weeks. The 51 has indicated they are working on a strategy for accomplishing project objectives with the limited environments and the ODE is reportedly making efforts to increase the number of environments.	to effectively meet development, testing, and training objectives. Most will plan for an abundance of environments in order to avoid the need to repurpose environments, avoid project	as necessary that would assure accelerated development cycles as well as standby environments that will speed development in the event a critical environment has become corrupt (e.g., mistakes are made to irreversible fields).  *Strategically plan to procure or provision additional environments as necessary to assure accelerated development cycles as well as provision standby environments that will speed development in the event a critical environment has become corrupt (e.g., mistakes are made to irreversible fields).  *DOE leadership escalate to Oracle executive leadership and insist efforts be made to corrupchensively repair an obvious bug that likely affects a broad customer base, not just DOE.		Architecture & Design						

ld Short Desc	Title / Summary	Finding Description	Analysis and Significance	Recommendation	Updates	Category	Туре	Priority	Status	Closure Reason	Closed Date	Identified Date
8 PM processes	Inefficient project				08/15/21 - IV&V remains concerned that planning efforts for post go-live activities may lack sufficient detail	Project	Risk	Low	Open			6/30/2020
	management practices could lead to overall	and an SI PM with the SI PM managing the bulk of SDLC activities with the DOE PM assisting in managing DOE	project can ill afford to tolerate a lack of productivity. Lack of good project management	implement continuous process improvement processes to assure consistent and effective project management.		Organization & Management						
	lack of productive	assigned project activities. The DOE struggled to	productivity. Lack of good project management processes can lead to an overall lack of project	<ul> <li>Integrate risk management practices into existing processes</li> </ul>	provide a detailed, dependency-based, and fully resourced project plan for post go-live and M&O activities.  Further, IV&V remains concerned that SI PM activities appear to have been scaled back, likely leaving the	Management						
	project activities and			(e.g. Review important deadlines in weekly working sessions).	burden of project management falling on DOE SME's and their PMO, and with the lack of clarity around the							
	ultimately schedule	months of the project, until they were able to acquire a		Document and execute detailed risk mitigation steps for	division of responsibilities between the SI and DOE PM's. Project management of the remaining project							
	delays.	capable consultant to fill the role, April 2020.	buy-in. The SI appears to be making good progress	tasks that appear to be slipping that include offering	activities could further be constrained once the Gartner PM contract ends in October 2021. It remains							
		The project reported some early insufficient and	in addressing DOE project management concerns.	additional resources to support project team members who	unclear who will compensate for the loss of the Gartner PM resource, these responsibilities may fall on the							
		inefficient project management processes, including:	However, the impacts of operating the project	are falling behind on critical path tasks.	already constrained DOE SMEs or IT leadership.							
		■ Insufficient action item tracking and follow-up		Project leadership reassess meeting scheduling processes								
		■ Insufficient attention to risk management ■ Unclear project scope definition	initial 5 months of the project remain unclear. The project could realize the reduced productivity	and reach agreement with DOE SMEs on more optimal meeting governance to reduce the number and length of	07/15/21 - DOE leadership has raised concerns (and IV&V agrees) that the backlog of post go-live tasks are not being efficiently and/or effectively planned. It remains unclear whether the SI will fully track project							
		Lack of clear meeting objectives and late delivery of	during the planning and analysis phase has led to	meetings so the project team can focus on and accelerate	tasks in a fully resourced, dependency-based project plan and track the critical path. Given that some SME's							
		meeting agenda's	project delays. Further, the current SI PM could	project tasks.	continue to be preoccupied with support tickets and resolving system issues, it remains unclear when they							
		■ Lack of preparation and planning for meetings and	be quickly overwhelmed as they attempt to fulfill		will have time to complete planned post go-live tasks. Therefore, resource management and critical paths							
		work sessions	both the PM and engagement manager roles, in		could be a critical component of this planning effort. Further, it appears the SI PM activities have been							
		■ Insufficient guidance on attendee management and	addition to other responsibilities in their role as		significantly scaled back, likely leaving the burden of project management falling on DOE SME's and their							
		vetting of attendees	Vice President of Operations and senior		PMO. DOE has indicated they intend to extend the Gartner PMO contract out to October 2021 which							
		■ Previous SI project manager (PM) had not met project			should help to mitigate some of this risk. However, there remains some ambiguity around the division of							
		expectations for project leadership, strategic direction, communication, and organization.	recently added SI project coordinator appears to have had a positive impact on PM processes.		project PM responsibilities between the DOE PMO and the SI PM team. IV&V recommends DOE work quickly to clarify the division of responsibility between the two.							
		The SI has recently responded to DOE leadership	nave nad a positive impact on PM processes.		quickly to clarify the division of responsibility between the two.							
		concerns by removing the SI PM and adding a project			06/15/21 - IV&V remains concerned that some of the SI PM challenges the project continues to experience							
		coordinator to their team, and the SI engagement			could negatively impact the management of the potentially extensive number of go-live and post go-live							
		manager has taken over as the PM and is now making			support activities, as well as the management of activities that have been pushed out to just before go-live.							
		some progress in addressing the above concerns. The			DOE has reported that SI changes to the post go-live production build checklist have been poorly							
		project is currently operating under a draft Project			communicated and has required DOE SMEs to make additional efforts to manage project communications.							
		Management Plan (PMP) and project schedule. These			IV&V and the DOE PMO remains concerned that the go-live checklist critical path is being manually tracked							
		deliverables were due 3/12/20 but, as of this reporting period, have not been finalized (see Risk #4).			by the SI, which could, if not managed well, could increase the risk of an unsuccessful go-live.							
		period, have not been finalized (see kisk #4).			05/15/2021 - The SI's project management (PM) practice challenges continue to persist with little to no							
					improvements. Though project activities continue to progress, IV&V continues to observe instances of							
					inefficient and unproductive PM practices that continue to put an additional burden on DOE SMEs to assist							
		Initial security discussions have revealed some				System	Issue	Medium	Open			7/29/2020
complex	security model	complexities and challenges with implementing a	meet user expectations and fully support end user		configurations. Also, it remains unclear whether the current security configurations mitigate fraud and fully							
	complexities has led to unmet user	security model that fully meets DOE business objectives including segregation of duties, principle of	provisioning and segregation of duties controls can lead to user frustration that:	DOE establish clear controls with regard to segregation of	support separation of duties and the principle of least permissions (PoLP). Recommend the project preform an assessment to validate these things.	Design						
	expectations,			duties and least privilege permissions.	preform an assessment to validate triese things.							
	unfulfilled business	single Business Unit (BU) for all of DOE, which could	ability to be productive and do their job		BF							
	objectives, and	create system implementation challenges given Oracle	ESecurity is overly permissive and privileged		- Sheryl seems confident							
	schedule delays	Financials security is optimally implemented for	information is visible to other groups that do not		- wiped out MDB access, tried to replicate from another, better but not whole - immature config mgmt							
		multiple BU's. The SI is making efforts to ensure DOE	have a business need for the data		- designed sec with this intention but no review							
		business objectives are met and can be implemented	BUser provisioning maintenance is overly		- curently being auditted, may no go deep into system							
		so as not to put an undue burden on user provisioning staff.	complex and/or labor intensive  The security model has made testing overly		PMO							
		stail.	complex due to tester user provisioning challenges		- MariaDB access took some time - CRT not responsive? Or didn't know how?							
			The security model is currently being developed by		- Dean Horiuchi question							
			a single SI resource. Failure to fully vet the		- iniciate a review of the system to determine							
			proposed security model with other Oracle		- security model is complex to meet D needs							
			Financials cloud security experts could lead a less		- all special user req are purged at end of year, they have an expire date on request (can config, delegation							
			than optimal security model which could lead to		can't go from more than 2-3 weeks?) - trying to automate removal of spec user req permissions							
			unmet user expectations as well as project disruption in the event that a significant change to		07/15/21 - KT activities continue to be delayed due to prioritization of go-live and current user support							
			the model is needed as go-live approaches.		activities. The bulk of go-live tickets related to security were special user requests that give users additional							
					permissions beyond their existing auto-provisioned roles. It remains unclear whether the current security							
					configurations mitigate fraud and fully support separation of duties and the principle of least permissions							
					(PoLP).		1	1	1			
1.1							1	1	1			
1.1					06/15/21 - As DOE SMEs knowledge of system security grows, they are better able to assist the (primarily)		1	1	1			
					single SI security resource and mitigate some of this risk. DOE SMEs continue to report, and IV&V has observed, that the SI security resource continues to struggle with effective communications, which has led							
11					to DOE SME frustration and could lead to inaccurate security configurations, which could lead to multiple							
11					user security related issues at go-live as well as increase the potential for fraud. DOE is concerned that the							
1.1					SI has thus far not been able to produce some requested security related reports (e.g., lists of users that		1	1	1			
1.1					have been manually provisioned). It remains unclear whether the current security configurations fully		1	1	1			
					support separation of duties and the principle of lease permissions (PoLP).							

Id Short Desc	Title / Summary	Finding Description	Analysis and Significance	Recommendation	Updates	Category	Туре	Priority	Status	Closure Reason	Closed Date	Identified Date
10 Release management	Inadequate release management processes have led to significant rework and acchedule delays	Due to existing Oracle Financials cloud limitations, upload of data is often difficult to back out. Errors made during data uploads can either require manual data entry corrections or an environment refresh that will likely take a Weeks. During initial uploads to the development environment, the wrong version of a file use mistakenly uploaded with created some disruption of development activities.	.,	Implement comprehensive release and configuration management processes and quality controls. Institute rigorous checilities and code freeze communications to assure quality release management processes. Clearly define release and configuration management processes. Clearly define release and configuration management processes for Dor Fessources to manage releases post go-live. DOE consider implementing configuration management tools that would assure more efficient configuration management.	08/15/21 - DOE had elected to remove SI access to the Production (prod) environment given that there were some indications that the SI may have bypassed configuration and release management processes in order to implement quick fives to the system. DOE has indicated they will likely restore SI read-only access to prod. It remains unclear if current configuration management processes are sufficient to ensure effective configuration management and provide a feasible way for the project to track configuration changes. For example, users have recently reported incidents/bugs where users were getting errors saying someone has modelflet their record(s). The project was unable to provide details of which configuration changes. For example, users have recently reported incidents/bugs where users were getting errors saying someone has modelflet their record(s). The project was unable to provide details of which configuration changes can provide important system debugging information and saped resolution of bugs that are hindering user productivity.  - D has taken steps to correct. Limited CR access to RO on prod - have RW in other ems - new changes - major fixes - all get ticketed in SN - mostly emergency changes at this point no good config might tool to vack.  - Of 15/21. SI resources appear to have implemented more discipline release management procedures prior to go-live such that go-live was not impacted by violations of this process. DOE has stated their intention to hire a release manager to manage and support Oracle quarterly releases which could help to mitigate this rost policy of the control of the process of the process. So has stated their intention to hire a release manager to manage and support Oracle quarterly releases which could help to mitigate this release that will now meet to be supported by DOE personnel. The next quarterly release is stated for 8/6. This release presents an opportunity for DOE to assess their ability to manage these releases is not the past. The SI has reported the existing SI pr	Quality Management	Issue	Low	Open			7/31/2020
support		There appears to be a lack of clarity around post go- live support responsibilities and the level of SI support. Apparently, some contractual post; pulse upuport requirements have yet to be clarified and agreed to between the SI and DOE. Further, DOE espectations for the SI to train their if staff have not been met. The DOE If group currently has some interface development project responsibilities and DOE's expectation was that the SI would provide sufficient knowledge transfer (KT) on Oracle Financials (OF) and Oracle integration Could (OIC) in order to perform these tasks in a timely manner as well as meet expectation for DOE post go-live support responsibilities. DOE has stated their expectation that DOE IT staff would work allogisde the SI technical team for KT throughout project implementation, however, the level of KT has not met DOE expectations thus far. The SI has stated they are not contractually obligated to formally train the DOE IT staff on the technology.	If the DDE IT staff are not sufficiently trained to effectively implement their project tasks this could lead to a reduction of efficient execution and quality of the technical components they have been assigned and, ultimately, to schedule slippage. Lack of clarity or sufficient planning around post gelves support. Called the advantage around post gelves support to exite poor to grow the country of the project between the sufficient post group with OF skillests could leave DDE unable to adequately support the new OF system post gollive and lead to an over-reliance on costly vendor resources and impact the project budget.	could potentially provide cost savings to the state compared to the cost of equivalent wendor support contracts.  • Clasfry S. IKT, warranty, and post go-live support contractual obligations to avoid disagreements and last minute efforts to adequately support the system post go-live.  • Consider instituting a distributed modely-live.  • Consider instituting a distributed modely gratery in the system post go-live.  • Consider instituting a distributed modely of the system post go-live.  • Consider instituting a distributed modely of the system post go-live.  • Consider instituting a distributed model of the system post go-live in the s	potentially be significant. Further, DOE SMEs have reported a limited number of instances where changes have been made to the system that were not properly tracked. A number of these instances had hindered DOE testing efforts, though, the SI was able to quickly apply fixes to allow testers to move forward.  05/15/2021- Now that the project team has performed multiple environment builds (SIT, UAT, and SIT), 05/15/2021- Now that the project team has performed multiple environment builds (SIT, UAT, and SIT), 05/15/2021- Now that the project team maps the prosumers in order to protine the Plot format in provide the properties of the prope		Issue	High	Open			8/17/2020

Id Short Desc	Title / Summary	Finding Description	Analysis and Significance	Recommendation	Updates	Category	Туре	Priority	Status	Closure Reason	Closed Date	Identified Date
13 External Systems	Integration with external system (potentially with antiquated technology could be unexpectedly complicated and lead to schedule delays	the project currently has requirements to integrate with older system that often lack sufficient documentation and/or system expertise. A number of systems that the new FMS must interface with are based on older technology that may be incompatible with new technology and can be difficult to integrate with. Many systems have accumulated a significant amount (fécades in some instance) of technical debt, reportedly due to lack of funding and technical team capacity. For example, it has been reported that patching for many systems are severely out of date and may run on Operating Systems or other software technology/tools that are no longer supported by the vendor. Many of these systems no longer have system experts because support staff have moved on or retriend, and documentation and/or howelege transfer upon their departure may not have been sufficient. Documentation for many older systems is reportedly missing or incomplete.	amount of technical debt these systems have accumulated over the years and the lack of system patching, the system could open the FMS	Consider petitioning the State leadership for additional funding to resolve technical debt that could be putting the project and the State at risk of potentially embarrassing and coatly security breaches and/or critical system failures.     Consider prioritizing patching and system upgrades to stabilize boundary systems.     Define clear procedures for updating and testing Aukahi thare thoroughly vetted when notification is received of a system Aukahi interfaces with is modified or upgraded.     Consider implementing early, basic proof of concept interfacing with older systems to assure integration is feasible and to vet optimal interface solutions.     Prioritize upgrading external systems and Aukahi interfaces where available to modernize (e.g., utilize modern web services) and increase reliability.	interface) that he been delayed to post golve could one as significant level of effort for the project team due to lack of clear requirements. DOE leadership and VRV remains concerned that existing interfaces to due to lack of clear requirements. DOE leadership and VRV remain concerned that existing interfaces to desternal systems may fare reliability challenges; given that many are reliability challenges; given that many are reliability challenges; described that many are reliability interfaces to desternal systems and Aukahi interfaces, where available, to modernite (e.g., utilize modern web services) and increase reliability.  -name INT12  -INT12 details - CIP -whoever did work before, only had access to legacy -acct events table doesn't existing in 0 - may not need that data anyway -they want what they had before -arcently Adde skipped a step, needed up missing some data because sequence was off -architecture may be fragile - flat flies, timing is important, if jobs start late then breaks things, not looking for events, presence of a file to trigger  07/15/21 - Despite some challenges, project efforts to address antiquated systems risks appear to have been mostly successful, however, some interfaces had to be delayed until post go-live because of unexpected complexity and other potential external stakeholder challenges. Though the remaining interfaces when or of the control for go-live, the level of effort for one interface has the potential to be significant.  06/15/21. Most external interfaces have been completed and fully tested, though some changes have yet to be applied and tested. IV8V and DOE SMS remain concerned that some interfaces may not have been fully tested and validated which could lead to project disorption just prior to or just after go-live.  06/15/201. Most external interfaces have been completed and fully tested, though some changes have yet to be applied and tested. IV8V and DOE SMS remain concerned that some interfaces many not have been fully tested.	System Architecture & Design	Issue	Low	Open		7/15/2021	9/15/2020
15 Training challenges	Training challenges have led to some constraints flustrations flustrations downwhelmed support personnel.	DOE leadership, including the Superintendent, has indicated that the quality, effectiveness, and indicated that the top of the quality effectiveness of the properties of the quality effectiveness of the quality effectivenes	Training challenges appear to have contributed to some user finistration, users unable to do their some user finistration, users unable to do their some user finistration and reduced user buy in a This risk has been further exacerbate given that a single DOE SME is expossible for responding to teken's related to purchasing, therefore, ticket response and resolution times have been significantly delayed.	• DOE clarify the plan for training for newly onboarded system USC states and the plan for training for newly onboarded system USC states exhibiting a policy that requires new users complete a training regime prior to gaining access to the system in order to assure system data integrity. OFF work of which you allocate additional resources to support the single DOE responsible for responding to tickets related to purchasing.  * Train ther 2 help desk staff to available training resources, using the proper security of the properties of the properti		Project Organization & Management	Issue	Medium	Open			7/15/2021
16 Insufficient IT Service Management processes	Management processes have hindered project productivity and could negatively impact post	DOE currently lacks well-defined, well-integrated, and/or documented enhancement, defect, help desk, incident, change, configuration, and release management processes. The project currently intends to utilize DOE's existing change control Board (CES) at remains unclear whether current change management processes employed by the CES will assure effective change management for Aukahi. The DOE IT division (OITS) has begun making efforts to establish and document clear governance processes to attain a consistent guidance for system development and system maintenance/support efforts going forward.	The lack of established well-defined, well-integrated, and documented service management processes has hindered project development and post go-live system support/maintenance productivity, for example, lack of well-defined and documented support processes required the project team to make significant last-inmitude efforts to establish support processes for Aukani FMS (see finding #11 inmitigicent knowledge trangle #17 and #480 planning prior to go-live support from the #17 and #480 planning prior to go-live support fruntler, in response to multiple vendor release management processes from the first properties of the first properties and the first properties from the first properties f	* DOE consider performing an assessment of the current state of relevant IT Service Management and governance processes based on industry standards (e.g., Till, 10 identify gand then prioritize implementation and documentation of well-defined and robust processes.     * DOE consider establishing a separate Aukahi CCB to meet the immediate change man agreement needs of the Aukahi FMS.		Project Organization & Management	Issue	low	Open			8/15/2021