

OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE TECHNOLOGY SERVICES

P.O. BOX 119, HONOLULU, HAWAI'I 96810-0119 Ph: (808) 586-6000 | Fax: (808) 586-1922 FTS HAWAII GOV

November 17, 2021

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,
President, and
Members of The Senate
Thirty-First State Legislature
Hawaii State Capitol, Room 409
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki, Speaker, and Members of The House of Representatives Thirty-First State Legislature Hawaii State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

Pursuant to HRS section 27-43.6, which requires the Chief Information Officer to submit applicable independent verification and validation (IV&V) reports to the Legislature within ten days of receiving the report, please find attached the IV&V report the Office of Enterprise Technology Services received for the State of Hawaii Department of Labor& Industrial Relations Disability Compensation Division's Modernization Project – Electronic Case Management System.

In accordance with HRS section 93-16, this report may be viewed electronically at http://ets.hawaii.gov (see "Reports").

Sincerely,

DOUGLAS MURDOCK Chief Information Officer State of Hawai'i

Attachment (1)



MONTHLY ON-SITE IV&V REVIEW REPORT

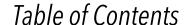
REPORT FINALIZED

September 28, 2021 | Version 1.0

November 5, 2021











Document History

DATE	DESCRIPTION	AUTHOR	VERSION
10/07/21	Monthly On-site IV&V Review Report Draft created	Julia Okinaka	0.0
11/05/21	Monthly On-site IV&V Review Report Final updated to reflect no comments submitted in Appendix F.	Julia Okinaka	1.0



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

BACKGROUND

The State of Hawaii (State), Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR) contracted DataHouse Consulting, Inc. (DataHouse) for the Disability Compensation Division's (DCD) Electronic Case Management System Project (eCMS Project). DLIR contracted Accuity LLP (Accuity) to provide Independent Verification and Validation (IV&V) services for the eCMS Project.

The Initial On-Site IV&V Review Report (IV&V Initial Report) was issued on August 30, 2019 and provided an initial assessment of project health as of June 30, 2019. Refer to the full Initial Report for additional background information on the eCMS Project and IV&V. The Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Reports (IV&V Monthly Reports) build upon the Initial Report to update and continually evaluate project progress and performance. Refer to Appendix E: Prior IV&V Reports for a listing of prior reports.

The focus of our IV&V activities for this report included the beginning of a two-month assessment of resource management, training and knowledge transfer, and security. IV&V has areas of limited visibility or access to project activities and documentation that may prevent a complete identification of project risks.

The IV&V Dashboard on the following two pages provides a quick visual and narrative snapshot of both the project status and project assessment as of September 28, 2021. Additional explanation is included in Findings and Recommendations by Assessment Area for new findings and in Appendix D: Prior Findings Log for prior report findings. Refer to Appendix A: IV&V Criticality and Severity Ratings for an explanation of the ratings.

PROJECT RESOURCES

"People drive project delivery. Coordinating a collective work effort is extremely important to the SUCCESS of any project."

-The Standard for Project Management



PROJECT ASSESSMENT

AS OF SEPTEMBER 28, 2021

SUMMARY RATINGS

OVERALL RATING



Significant severe deficiencies were observed requiring immediate remediation or risk mitigation.

PROGRAM GOVERNANCE



PROJECT MANAGEMENT



TECHNOLOGY



CRITICALITY RATINGS



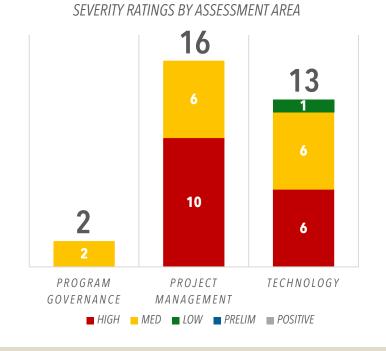




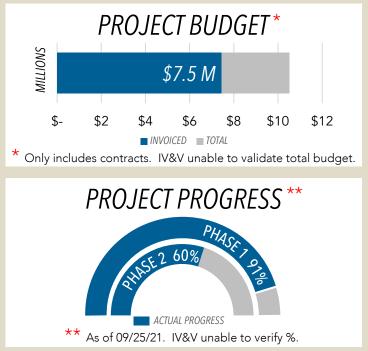


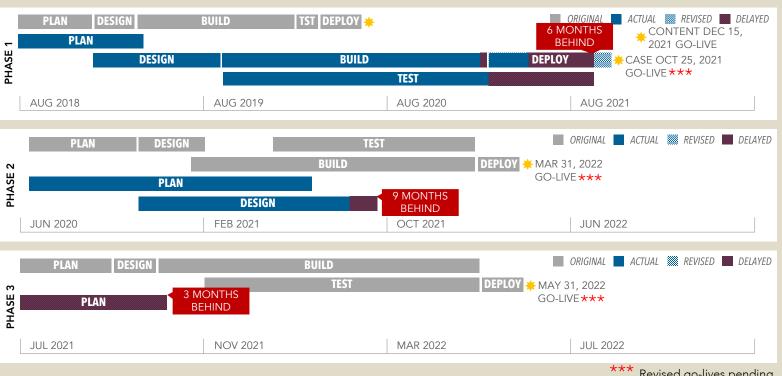


31 OPEN FINDINGS



56 OPEN RECOMMENDATIONS





ASSESSMENT AREA & RATINGS SUMMARY

AS OF SEPTEMBER 28, 2021

JUL	AUG	SEP	IV&V ASSESSMENT AREA	IV&V OBSERVATIONS
R	R	R	Overall	DLIR and DataHouse tentatively agreed on revisions to the high-level timeline and to extend the contract six months to December 2022 at no additional cost. Significant changes to how the project teams work together and how project work is completed are needed in order to stay on track with this new proposed timeline.
				Project Schedule: Phase 1 Content Management tasks are generally on track. Phase 1 Case Management, Phase 2, and Phase 3 tasks are delayed; however, the project schedule is currently being updated for the revised timeline. Accuity is unable to fully assess schedule variances (refer to finding 2019.07.PM13).
				Project Costs: Contract costs are within the total contract amounts; however, due to changes in timelines DataHouse is already fully paid for Phase 1 and 2. DataHouse provided a revised payment schedule which is pending approval. Accuity is unable to fully assess cost variances (refer to finding 2019.07.PM12).
				Quality: Quality metrics are not yet defined or measured (refer to finding 2019.07.IT05). The definition of quality metrics and a reevaluation of success metrics are critical for setting the project direction forward.
①	1	①	Program Governance	Although the eCMS Project Executive Steering Committee (ESC) monthly meeting was cancelled, the DataHouse and DLIR project sponsors are meeting regularly. The revised timeline and payment schedules will be presented to the ESC in October 2021 for approval. Additional guidance and active involvement from project governance are critical for driving progress, removing barriers, and reassessing overall project goals.
R	R	R	Project Management	As a tentative agreement on the high-level timeline was reached, DLIR and DataHouse are currently working out the details of the proposed project schedule. With significant delays experienced on the project to-date, substantial changes in many project management processes are necessary in order to successfully execute all three phases simultaneously over the next 15 months. Greater collaboration, transparent dialogue, and swift risk and issue resolution between DLIR and DataHouse are needed. Additionally, new resource management strategies and appointed area leads are essential to coordinate and manage limited DLIR project resources to timely complete tasks for all three phases. Previously identified deficiencies and lessons learned should be addressed to ensure the same issues do not continue to hinder project performance going forward. Improvements are still needed for many foundational project management processes including resource, schedule, cost, risk, communications, and requirements management (refer to Appendix D: Prior Findings Log).
R	R	R	Technology	Phase 1 Content Management development continues to progress; however, DLIR and IV&V have not had any visibility of the development activities or the system. DataHouse plans to hold an initial demo of the replacement Content Management solution in October 2021. There were some initial delays and hiccups but Phase 1 Case Management data validation testing kicked off and is currently underway. Completion of the Phase 2 design activities was extended another month to October 2021. Improvements are needed for many foundational technology processes including data conversion, quality management, testing, and security (refer to Appendix D: Prior Findings Log). IV&V does not have adequate visibility of DataHouse development, testing, and data conversion activities.

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS BY ASSESSMENT AREA



OVERALL RATING

The overall rating is assigned based on the criticality ratings of the IV&V Assessment Categories and the severity ratings of the underlying findings (see Appendix A: IV&V Criticality and Severity Ratings). The tables below summarize the criticality ratings for each IV&V Assessment Category in the three major IV&V Assessment Areas. Three IV&V Assessment Categories improved and one declined from the prior report. The overall rating primarily reflects the significant schedule delays and the increasing risk to successfully completing the remaining work for all three phases. DLIR and DataHouse tentatively agreed on revisions to the high-level timeline and to extend the contract six months at no additional cost. Significant changes to how the project teams work together and how project work is completed are needed in order to stay on track with this new proposed timeline.

Tentatively **AGREED** on high-level timeline

AT-A-GLANCE

SUBSTANTIAL changes in project collaboration needed

New **RESOURCE** management strategies required

ADDRESS identified deficiencies and lessons learned

JUL	AUG	SEP	PROGRAM GOVERNANCE	JUL	AUG	SEP
1	1	Y	Governance Effectiveness	R	R	R
V	V	V	Benefits Realization	R	R	R
JUL	AUG	SEP	TECHNOLOGY	R	R	R
R	R	R	System Software, Hardware, and Integrations			
1		Y	Design	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ
V	₩		Data Conversion	Ŷ	1	Ŷ
R	R	R	Quality Management and Testing	G		
Y	Y		Configuration Management	Y	V	Y
Y	Y	Y	Security			

JUL	AUG	SEP	PROJECT MANAGEMENT
R	R	R	Project Organization and Management
R	R	R	Scope and Requirements Management
R	R	R	Cost, Schedule, and Resource Management
Y	Y	Y	Risk Management
Ŷ	Y	Ŷ	Communications Management
Ŷ	1	Ŷ	Organizational Change Management (OCM)
G	Y	Y	Business Process Reengineering (BPR)
₹V	₹V	Y	Training and Knowledge Transfer



PROGRAM GOVERNANCE

Governance Effectiveness

Benefits Realization



PROGRAM GOVERNANCE

JUL	AUG SEP		SEP IV&V ASSESSMENT	IV&V OBSERVATION	FINDINGS		
JUL	AUG	CATEGORY		NEW	OPEN	CLOSED	
↔	↔	☆	Governance Effectiveness	Although the eCMS Project Executive Steering Committee (ESC) monthly meeting was cancelled in September, the DataHouse and DLIR project sponsors are meeting regularly. The revised timeline and payment schedules will be presented to the ESC in October 2021 for approval. It is critical for project governance to be more actively involved (2021.05.PG01) with the execution of the new aggressive timeline. Project governance plays a critical role to drive progress, remove barriers, provide guidance, and maintain accountability.	0	1	0
V	•	•	Benefits Realization	No significant updates since the prior report. Project success metrics should be reevaluated to take into consideration the current project status and to focus on what can be realistically achieved in the remaining project timeline. DLIR also needs to begin collecting and monitoring success metrics data (2019.07.PG05).	0	1	0



PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Project Organization and Management

Scope and Requirements Management

Cost, Schedule, and Resource Management

Risk Management

Communications Management

Organizational Change Management

Business Process Reengineering

Training and Knowledge Transfer



PROJECT MANAGEMENT

11.11	JUL AUG SEP		IV&V ASSESSMENT	IV&V OBSERVATION	FINDINGS		
- JUL	AUG	- SEP	CATEGORY	IVAV OBSERVATION	NEW	OPEN	CLOSED
R	R	R	Project Organization and Management	Substantial changes in many project management processes will be necessary to keep up with the fast pace of the project under the proposed timeline. Greater collaboration, transparent dialogue, and adjustments to how the DLIR and DataHouse project teams work together are needed to effectively execute all three phases simultaneously over the next 15 months. Previously identified deficiencies (refer to Appendix D: Prior Findings Log) and lessons learned should be addressed to ensure these same issues do not continue to hinder project performance going forward (2020.07.PM01). Continuing in the same way will likely lead to the same results. Improvements in DLIR and DataHouse collaboration (2019.07.PM02), the deliverable review process (2019.07.PM03), and change management (2019.09.PM01) are needed.	0	4	0
R	R	R	Scope and Requirements Management	Requirement traceability (2019.10.PM01) and documentation (2019.07.PM10) for both Phase 1 and 2 still need improvement. It is unclear how new or clarified requirements raised throughout the project are captured and updated in requirements documentation. DataHouse and DLIR still are not in agreement on the Phase 1 Content Management requirements that were clarified or identified during UAT which could impact the Content Management development, testing, and the go-live scheduled for December 2021. Additionally, with the aggressive timeline, careful management of requirements is needed to ensure that there is not a reduction in scope without a process for prioritizing and approving changes in requirements.	0	2	0



PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Project Organization and Management

Scope and Requirements Management

Cost, Schedule, and Resource Management

Risk Management

Communications Management

Organizational
Change Management

Business Process Reengineering

Training and Knowledge Transfer

JUL	AUG	SEP	IV&V ASSESSMENT	IV/9 V ORSERVATION	F	INDING	S
JUL	AUG	SEF	CATEGORY	IV&V OBSERVATION	NEW	OPEN	CLOSED
R	R	SEF R	Cost, Schedule, and Resource Management	DLIR and DataHouse tentatively agreed on revisions to the high-level timeline that extends the schedule six months to December 2022. DLIR and DataHouse are currently working out the details of the proposed project schedule and will present the revised timeline to the ESC in October 2021. With the aggressive timeline, improvements in how the project schedule is monitored, adjusted, and mitigated (2019.07.PM13) are needed to prevent the significant delays experienced on the project to-date. Although Phase 1 Content Management tasks are generally on track, adjustments of a few key tasks are needed based on lessons learned. Phase 1 Case Management, Phase 2, and Phase 3 tasks are delayed, but the project schedule will be updated for the new timeline. The proposed timeline is not based on an analysis of available resources but rather on stakeholder needs for the new system. As such, new resource management strategies are required (2019.09.PM02) to ensure that project resources timely complete tasks and stay on track with the proposed timeline. Additional DLIR area leads would help to manage various workstreams and phases. With all three phases running concurrently,	NEW O	OPEN 4	CLOSED 0
				this will require greater coordination and utilization of all available project resources as adequate project resources is still a concern (2019.07.PM14).			
				Some progress was made to improve cost management processes (2019.07.PM12). DLIR updated the budget to add additional project costs. DataHouse tentatively agreed to extend their contract to December 2022 at no additional cost and provided a revised payment schedule. Both will be presented to the ESC in October 2021.			



PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Project Organization and Management

Scope and Requirements Management

Cost, Schedule, and Resource Management

Risk Management

Communications Management

Organizational Change Management

Business Process Reengineering

Training and Knowledge Transfer

JUL	ALIC	SEP	IV&V ASSESSMENT	IV&V OBSERVATION	FINDINGS		
JUL	AUG	SEP	CATEGORY	IV&V OBSERVATION	NEW	OPEN	CLOSED
Y			Risk Management	DLIR and DataHouse continue to develop some risk mitigation plans for the highest priority risks. With the fast pace of the proposed timeline, it is critical for DLIR and DataHouse to improve risk management processes (2019.07.PM09) so that risks and issues are proactively identified, swiftly mitigated, and redirected if needed.	0	1	0
☆	☆	^	Communications Management	DLIR and DataHouse implemented additional recurring meetings with select project team members which helped to improve timeliness of communications. With plans to execute all three phases simultaneously, additional improvements in the effectiveness and timeliness of communications are still needed for all DLIR and DataHouse project team members (2019.07.PM06) and all impacted stakeholders (2019.07.PM07).	0	2	0
↔	↔	↔	Organizational Change Management (OCM)	DLIR held additional working sessions and trainings to help subject matter experts (SMEs) participate in ongoing data validation testing. DLIR needs to continue developing their OCM plans and approach (2019.07.PM08) to better prepare SMEs prior to the start of the activities and identify those who need additional targeted OCM strategies.	0	1	0
6			Business Process Reengineering (BPR)	A few high impact and value BPR opportunities were discussed during follow-up Phase 2 design sessions. Additional discussion, prioritization, and analysis of BPR opportunities is needed (2021.08.PM01). Business processes impacted by the new system also need to be further clarified (2020.12.PM01) especially those related to the upcoming Content Management go-live.	0	2	0
•	V	Y	Training and Knowledge Transfer	DLIR conducted introductory Phase 1 Case Management training sessions with SMEs for data validation testing. Phase 1 Content Management training materials and training sessions are scheduled for October 2021.	0	0	0



TECHNOLOGY

System Software, Hardware, and Integrations

Design

Data Conversion

Quality Management and Testing

Configuration Management

Security



	JUL AUG SEP		IV&V ASSESSMENT	IV&V OBSERVATION	FINDINGS		
JUL	AUG	SEP	CATEGORY	IVAV ODSERVATION	NEW	OPEN	CLOSED
R	R	R	System Software, Hardware, and Integrations	Phase 1 Content Management development continues to progress; however, DLIR hasn't had any visibility of the development activities or the system. DataHouse plans to hold an initial demo of the replacement Content Management solution in October 2021. DLIR's formal solution analysis for the replacement Content Management system (2021.03.IT01) is still pending. Progress of Phase 1 Case Management development is awaiting kickoff of UAT. Phase 2 development is pending the revision and approval of the proposed timeline. The go/no-go criteria (2020.09.IT01), interface solution (2019.07.IT02), and M&O roles and responsibilities (2019.09.IT02) are unclear. IV&V does not have adequate visibility of DataHouse's development and integration activities to fully assess methodologies and processes.	0	4	0
*	Y	Y	Design	Completion of the Phase 2 design activities was extended another month to October 2021. System design options to address a few BPR opportunities were discussed during follow-up Phase 2 design sessions. Further discussions are needed for DLIR SMEs to better understand how other BPR opportunities could be addressed through system automation, integration, and capabilities (2021.08.PM01). The design for integration with external systems is still unclear (2019.07.IT02)	0	0	0



TECHNOLOGY

System Software, Hardware, and Integrations

Design

Data Conversion

Quality Management and Testing

Configuration Management

Security

JUL	AUG SEP		SEP IV&V ASSESSMENT	IV&V OBSERVATION	FINDINGS		
- JUL	AUG	- SEP	CATEGORY	IVAV OBSERVATION	NEW	OPEN	CLOSED
₹	₹	Y	Data Conversion	Phase 1 Case Management data validation testing is currently underway and DLIR SMEs are making progress to complete tests. There were some initial delays due to technical issues with the test environment, and as such, data validation testing was extended one week to give DLIR the full time originally scheduled. Other testing hiccups included the need to discuss data conversion testing processes, train testers on how to perform testing, and assign testers specific test cases. Additional data validation test scenarios and discussion of plans to convert paper files (2019.11.IT01) are still needed. IV&V does not have adequate visibility of DataHouse's data conversion activities to fully assess processes.	0	2	0
R	R	®	Quality Management and Testing	Phase 1 Content Management UAT is set for November 2021. Scheduling of Phase 1 Case Management UAT is pending the revision and approval of the proposed timeline. DLIR continues to prepare test cases and refine testing processes but additional clarification and improvements of the test plan and processes are needed (2020.12.IT01, 2020.02.IT01, and 2019.10.IT01). Identification and coordination of specific testers for the various testing efforts, preparation of test data and test scripts, and mapping out the scope of each test cycle is still in progress. DLIR and DataHouse need to finalize their quality management plans and quality metrics (2019.07.IT05). Quality metrics will be critical for ensuring that quality is maintained with the aggressive timeline. IV&V does not have adequate visibility of DataHouse's testing or quality activities or documentation to fully assess methodologies and progress.	0	4	0



TECHNOLOGY

System Software, Hardware, and Integrations

Design

Data Conversion

Quality Management and Testing

Configuration Management

Security

JUL	L AUG SEP		SEP IV&V ASSESSMENT	IV&V OBSERVATION	FINDINGS		
JUL	JOL AUG SEF	CATEGORY	IVAV ODSERVATION		OPEN	CLOSED	
Y	Y	Y	Configuration Management	No significant updates since the prior report. A comprehensive configuration management plan including the DLIR approval process is needed (2019.07.IT06).	0	1	0
Y	Y	Y	Security	No significant updates since the prior report. DLIR is still drafting security policies and procedures. DLIR's formal security management plan (2019.07.IT07) and security policies (2019.10.IT02) are still pending. The next round of the AWS vulnerability scans is scheduled for October 2021.	0	2	0



Appendix A: IV&V Criticality and Severity Ratings

IV&V CRITICALITY AND SEVERITY RATINGS

Criticality and severity ratings provide insight on where significant deficiencies are observed and immediate remediation or risk mitigation is required. Criticality ratings are assigned to the overall project as well as each IV&V Assessment Area and IV&V Assessment Category. Severity ratings are assigned to each risk or issue identified.

TERMS

RISK

An event that has not happened yet.

ISSUE

An event that is already occurring or has already happened.

Criticality Rating

The criticality ratings are assessed based on consideration of the severity ratings of each related risk and issue within the respective IV&V Assessment Area and IV&V Assessment Category, the overall impact of the related findings to the success of the project, and the urgency of and length of time to implement remediation or risk mitigation strategies. Arrows indicate trends in the project assessment from the prior report and take into consideration areas of increasing risk and approaching timeline. Up arrows indicate adequate improvements or progress made. Down arrows indicate a decline, inadequate progress, or incomplete resolution of previously identified findings. No arrow indicates there was neither improving nor declining progress from the prior report.



















A YELLOW, medium criticality rating is assigned when deficiencies were observed that merit attention. Remediation or risk mitigation should be performed in a timely manner.

A RED, high criticality rating is assigned when

significant severe deficiencies were observed and

immediate remediation or risk mitigation is required.

A GREEN, low criticality rating is assigned when the activity is on track and minimal deficiencies were observed. Some oversight may be needed to ensure the risk stays low and the activity remains on track.



A GRAY rating is assigned when the category being assessed has incomplete information available for a conclusive observation and recommendation or is not applicable at the time of the IV&V review.



Severity Rating

Once risks are identified and characterized, Accuity will examine project conditions to determine the probability of the risk being identified and the impact to the project, if the risk is realized. We know that a risk is in the future, so we must provide the probability and impact to determine if the risk has a Risk Severity, such as Severity 1 (High), Severity 2 (Moderate), or Severity 3 (Low).

While a risk is an event that has not happened yet, an issue is something that is already occurring or has already happened. Accuity will examine project conditions and business impact to determine if the issue has an Issue Severity, such as Severity 1 (High/Critical Impact/System Down), Severity 2 (Moderate/Significant Impact), or Severity 3 (Low/Normal/Minor Impact/Informational).

Findings that are positive or preliminary concerns are not assigned a severity rating.



SEVERITY 1: High/Critical level



SEVERITY 2: Moderate level



SEVERITY 3: Low level



TERMS

POSITIVE

Celebrates high

performance or

PRELIMINARY

project successes.



Appendix B: Industry Standards and Best Practices

STANDARD	DESCRIPTION
ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
ADKAR®	Prosci ADKAR: Awareness, Desire, Knowledge, Ability, and Reinforcement
BABOK® v3	Business Analyst Body of Knowledge
DAMA-DMBOK® v2	DAMA International's Guide to the Data Management Body of Knowledge
HIPAA	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996
MARS-E v2.0	CMS Minimum Acceptable Risk Standards for Exchanges – Exchange Reference Architecture Supplement
MITA v3.0	Medicaid Information Technology Architecture
PMBOK® v7	Project Management Institute (PMI) Project Management Body of Knowledge
SWEBOK v3	Guide to the Software Engineering Body of Knowledge
TOGAF® v9.2	The Open Group Architecture Framework Standard
COBIT® 2019 Framework	Control Objectives for Information and Related Technologies Framework
IEEE 828-2012	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) Standard for Configuration Management in Systems and Software Engineering
IEEE 1062-2015	IEEE Recommended Practice for Software Acquisition
IEEE 1012-2016	IEEE Standard for System, Software, and Hardware Verification and Validation
IEEE 730-2014	IEEE Standard for Software Quality Assurance Processes
ISO 9001:2015	International Organization for Standardization (ISO) Quality Management Systems – Requirements
ISO/IEC 25010:2011	ISO/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Systems and Software Engineering – Systems and Software Quality Requirements and Evaluation (SQuaRE) – System and Software Quality Models
ISO/IEC 16085:2006	ISO/IEC Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Processes – Risk Management



STANDARD	DESCRIPTION
IEEE 16326-2019	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Processes – Project Management
IEEE 29148-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Processes – Requirements Engineering
IEEE 15288-2015	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – System Life Cycle Processes
IEEE 12207-2017	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Software Life Cycle Processes
IEEE 24748-1-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Management – Part 1: Guidelines for Life Cycle Management
IEEE 24748-2-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Management – Part 2: Guidelines for the Application of ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288 (System Life Cycle Processes)
IEEE 24748-3-2012	IEEE Guide: Adoption of ISO/IEC TR 24748-3:2011, Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Management – Part 3: Guide to the Application of ISO/IEC 12207 (Software Life Cycle Processes)
IEEE 14764-2006	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard for Software Engineering – Software Life Cycle Processes – Maintenance
IEEE 15289-2019	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Content of Life Cycle Information Items (Documentation)
IEEE 24765-2017	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Vocabulary
IEEE 26511-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Requirements for Managers of Information for Users of Systems, Software, and Services
IEEE 23026-2015	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Engineering and Management of Websites for Systems, Software, and Services Information
IEEE 42010-2011	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Architecture Description
IEEE 29119-1-2013	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 1: Concepts and Definitions
IEEE 29119-2-2013	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 2: Test Processes
IEEE 29119-3-2013	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 3: Test Documentation
IEEE 29119-4-2015	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 4: Test Techniques



STANDARD	DESCRIPTION						
IEEE 1484.13.1-2012	IEEE Standard for Learning Technology – Conceptual Model for Resource Aggregation for Learning, Education, and Training						
ISO/IEC TR 20000- 11:2015	ISO/IEC Information Technology – Service Management – Part 11: Guidance on the Relationship Between ISO/IEC 20000-1:2011 and Service Management Frameworks: ITIL®						
ISO/IEC 27002:2013	Information Technology – Security Techniques – Code of Practice for Information Security Controls						
SAML v2.0	Security Assertion Markup Language v2.0						
SoaML v1.0.1	Service Oriented Architecture Modeling Language						
CMMI-DEV v1.3	Capability Maturity Model Integration for Development						
FIPS 199	Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) Publication 199, Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems						
FIPS 200	FIPS Publication 200, Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information and Information Systems						
NIST 800-53 Rev 5	National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations						
NIST Cybersecurity Framework v1.1	NIST Framework for Improving Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity						
LSS	Lean Six Sigma						



Appendix C: Interviews, Meetings, and Documents

INTERVIEWS

DATE	INTERVIEWEE
	None

MEETINGS

DATE	MEETING DESCRIPTION
08/27/21	Phase 2 Design Session (Administrator)
08/27/21	Weekly DCD Risk Meeting
08/30/21	OCM Working Session
08/31/21	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
08/31/21	Weekly PM Status Meeting
09/02/21	Security Working Session
09/03/21	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
09/07/21	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
09/07/21	Weekly PM Status Meeting
09/07/21	Weekly DCD Risk Meeting
09/08/21	Case Management Conversion Working Session
09/08/21	Phase 2 Design Session (Insurance)
09/09/21	Phase 2 Design Session (Audit and Plans)
09/09/21	IV&V Update and Planning Meeting
09/10/21	Case Management Conversion Working Session



MEETINGS (CONTINUED)

DATE	MEETING DESCRIPTION
09/10/21	Schedule Working Session
09/13/21	OCM Working Session
09/13/21	Case Management Conversion Working Session
09/15/21	ETS Meeting
09/15/21	Case Management Conversion Working Session
09/16/21	Case Management Conversion Working Session
09/16/21	Security Working Session
09/17/21	Case Management Conversion Working Session
09/20/21	Case Management Conversion Working Session
09/20/21	Case Management Conversion Testing Training
09/21/21	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
09/21/21	Weekly PM Status Meeting
09/21/21	Case Management Conversion Testing Stand-Up Meeting
09/21/21	Case Management Conversion Working Session
09/21/21	IV&V DLIR Update Meeting
09/22/21	Phase 2 Design Session (WC Program and Insurance)
09/22/21	Case Management Conversion Testing Stand-Up Meeting
09/22/21	Case Management Conversion Working Session
09/22/21	Phase 2 Design Session (Plans)
09/23/21	Phase 2 Design Session (Enforcement)



MEETINGS (CONTINUED)

DATE	MEETING DESCRIPTION
09/23/21	Case Management Conversion Testing Stand-Up Meeting
09/23/21	Case Management Conversion Working Session
09/24/21	Case Management Conversion Working Session
09/24/21	Phase 2 Design Session (Plans)
09/24/21	IV&V DataHouse Update Meeting
09/27/21	OCM Working Session
09/27/21	Phase 2 Design Session (R&C and Insurance)
09/28/21	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
09/28/21	Weekly PM Status Meeting
09/28/21	Case Management Conversion Testing Stand-Up Meeting
09/28/21	Case Management Conversion Working Session

DOCUMENTS

ТҮРЕ	DOCUMENT				
Request for Proposal	State of Hawaii DLIR DCD RFP No. RFP-17-002-DCD (Release Date 04/12/18)				
DataHouse Proposal	DataHouse eCMS Best and Final Offer (BAFO) Proposal (Dated 06/20/18)				
Request for Proposal	State of Hawaii DLIR DCD IV&V RFP No. RFP-18-001-DCD (Release Date 12/28/18)				
Contract	Contract between State of Hawaii and DataHouse Consulting Inc. (Effective 08/27/18)				
Project Management	Lessons Learned Log (Updated 09/28/21)				
Schedule	eCMS Microsoft Project Plan as of 09/25/21 (MPP file)				



DOCUMENTS (CONTINUED)

TYPE	DOCUMENT							
Schedule	Filtered Project Plans (Late Tasks, Upcoming 4 weeks) (09/07/21, 09/14/21, 09/21/21)							
Schedule	eCMS Project Phase 1-3 Overview (09/11/21)							
Costs	DCD eCMS Modernization Project – Services (Updated 09/27/21)							
Costs	DataHouse Revised Payment Schedule							
Risk and Issues	RAID (Risk Action Issue Decision) Log (Updated 09/25/21 by DataHouse Project Manager)							
Development	DataHouse Development Team Status Meeting Minutes for 08/25/21							
Development	DataHouse Development Team Status Meeting Minutes for 09/01/21							
Development	DataHouse Development Team Status Meeting Minutes for 09/08/21							
Development	DataHouse Development Team Status Meeting Minutes for 09/15/21							
Development	DataHouse Development Team Status Meeting Minutes for 09/22/21							
Design	Amazon Web Services (AWS) Environment Solution Design Version 1.1 (Updated 09/14/21)							
Design	AWS Environment Solution Design Walkthrough Presentation Slides (09/14/21)							
Design	Phase 2 Case Management Design Mockup URLs (09/28/21)							
Design	Phase 2 Case Management Design Sessions Mind Map Notes (6 files)							
Design	Phase 2 Case Management Design Sample DCD Documents (10 files)							
Design	Phase 2 Case Management Design Sessions Feedback (09/28/21)							
Data Conversion	Phase 1 Case Management Data Conversion Validation Testing Training Documents (8 files)							
Data Conversion	Phase 1 Case Management Data Conversion Validation Testing Documentation (5 files)							
Data Conversion Phase 1 Case Management Data Conversion Validation Testing Spreadsheet (Testers, Scenarios, Feedback Log) (09/28/21)								
Testing	Case Management Test Cases (09/28/21)							



DOCUMENTS (CONTINUED)

TYPE	DOCUMENT
Testing	Content Management Test Cases (09/28/21)
Testing	DataHouse Content Management Test Scripts (19 files)
Testing	Phase 3 Test Cases (09/28/21)
Testing	UAT Training Documents (3 files)
Training	Case Management Training Guides Version 0.1 (09/10/21)



Appendix D: Prior Findings Log



Appendix D: Prior Findings Log

ASSESSMENT		ORIGINAL	CURRENT					FIND	NG		
CATEGORY	FINDING ID TYPE	SEVERITY	SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION STAT	JS FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Business Process Reengineering	2021.08.PM01 Risk	Moderate	Moderate	for BPR may reduce operational	In the initial round of Phase 2 design sessions, preliminary design mock- ups were presented and did not seem to completely address the requests	2021.08.PM01.R1	Identify and analyze BPR opportunities.	 Consider areas with greatest impact or value due to transaction volume, severity of pain points, or priority within DLIR's operational goals (e.g., 	09/28/21: A few high impact and value BPR opportunities and possible system design options were discussed during follow-up Phase 2 design		
				performance gains achieved.	and current operational pain points raised by DLIR SMEs during the			WC-3 form processing and reconciliation, insurance plans form	sessions. Further discussions are needed for DLIR SMEs to better understand		
		requirements gathering stage. While some features were presented that			processing, employer compliance monitoring, and Special	how other BPR opportunities could be addressed through system design.					
					will help to improve operational performance, there were missed opportunities to achieve even greater improvements through system			Compensation Fund (SCF) recordkeeping). •Explore possible BPR solutions that include business process changes	Accuity will continue to assess BPR and design processes.		
					automation, integration, and capabilities. Design sessions with SMEs were			and/or system functionality.	Accuity will continue to assess BFR and design processes.		
					more focused around technical design aspects while the SMEs sometimes			Increase discussions between DLIR and DataHouse to better connect			
					struggled to understand the business context of the design or how the			business processes to system capabilities.			
					system could help to solve operational challenges. Business process improvement is a key deliverable identified in the RFP and in DataHouse's			 Ensure SMEs understand the importance of BPR and when and how BPR will be discussed throughout the project. 			
					contract but there are no formal plans or processes for BPR activities. As			will be discussed throughout the project.			
					such, it is difficult to assess the effectiveness and completeness of BPR						
					activities as well as the operational performance gains targeted and						
					achieved. Solutions to address BPR opportunities can continue to be explored in follow-up design sessions as well as during the build stage;						
					however, it is critical to identify and address these early to prevent						
					additional effort to correct later. DLIR plans to meet with SMEs prior to						
					meetings to better prepare them to actively and effectively participate in project activities. DataHouse plans to provide more background and						
					business context during follow-up design sessions.						
					business context during follow up design sessions.						
					Although this finding is reported under the Business Process						
					Reengineering IV&V Assessment Category, this finding also impacts the criticality rating for Design. In addition to the specific recommendation						
					made as a part of this finding, the IV&V recommendation made at finding						
					2020.12.PM01 will also help to address this issue.						
Governance	2021.05.PG01 Risk	Moderate	Moderate	Insufficient support and guidance from	Since December 2020, DLIR and DataHouse have been working to	2021.05.PG01.R1	Increase project governance	Discuss high-impact barriers/blockers and mitigation plans for critical Oper	06/25/21: The ESC convened for the monthly meeting to make the decision	 	
Effectiveness				project governance may limit the	address and analyze various Content Management issues (refer to finding		involvement.	issues with ESC.	regarding the Content Management solution. Active involvement from the		
				project's ability to overcome current	2021.03.IT01). In March 2021, DataHouse presented three options to the			Evaluate how various ESC members can be leveraged to remove	ESC and project sponsors are still needed while the project team works out		
				project challenges.	ESC for the Content Management solution. Previous plans and timelines to make a decision regarding the Content Management solution were			barriers and execute mitigation plans. •Consider adding additional ESC meetings until critical issues are	the details of the path forward.		
					postponed to allow more time for additional analysis. DLIR and			resolved.	07/27/21: The ESC convened for the monthly meeting but there was limited		
					DataHouse recently agreed on a new plan and timeline of tasks to reach a			Consider establishing more frequent touchpoints with DLIR and	discussion of the pending project schedule and other high-impact project		
					decision regarding the Content Management solution by July 2021. As the Content Management implementation delays are stalling the Phase 1			DataHouse project sponsors to more closely monitor and drive progress of executing mitigation plans for critical issues.	risks. Continued guidance and active involvement from project governance are needed to drive progress and remove barriers.		
					Case Management and Phase 2 activities and significantly impacting			or executing mitigation plans for critical issues.	are needed to drive progress and remove barriers.		
					project success, it is critical for project governance to ensure that the				08/25/21: The ESC approved the revised Phase 1 Content Management		
					project sets and sticks to plans to address this and other high-impact				timeline. The ESC and both DLIR and DataHouse project sponsors need to		
					issues (refer to Appendix D: Prior Findings Log). Additional guidance and more active involvement from the ESC and project sponsors are needed to				be more actively involved to accelerate progress to improve project performance.		
					help remove barriers and drive progress.						
									09/28/21: The monthly ESC meeting was cancelled in September but the		
									DataHouse and DLIR project sponsors are meeting regularly. The revised timeline and payment schedules will be presented to the ESC in October		
									2021 for approval.		
									Accuity will continue to monitor governance effectiveness.		
System Software,	2021.03.IT01 Issue	High	High			2021.03.IT01.R1	Identify all major gaps in current solution.	Review the reported issues/defects in the UAT quality log, close Oper			
Hardware, and Integrations				project delays.	various system analysis due to Phase 1 Content Management UAT technical issues and user feedback. In March 2021, DataHouse presented		solution.	resolved entries, and identify unresolved gaps. •Review other project documentation and perform further system review	technical issues. DLIR continues to evaluate the options presented by DataHouse and began to review unresolved issues from UAT to perform their		
				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	three options to the ESC for the Content Management solution including			to identify other major gaps.	gap analysis. DLIR needs to work with DataHouse to swiftly complete the		
					an option to replace and redevelop the Content Management scanning			Assign risk/criticality ratings for each identified gap.	analysis.		
					and data extraction component. DLIR is currently evaluating the options presented by DataHouse. DLIR planned to hold a special ESC meeting on	2021.03.IT01.R2	Complete the analysis of solution	Evaluate how each option addresses all major gaps.	05/27/21: DataHouse is still working to address Datacap issues requiring		
					March 25, 2021 to make a decision regarding the Content Management		options.	DataHouse should provide additional clarification and demonstration of the functionality to be provided by each of the options as it relates to the	fixes. DLIR and DataHouse agreed on a tentative plan and timeline of tasks t		
					solution but postponed this in order to allow more time for additional			stand-alone Content Management solution and the integrated Case	reach a decision regarding the Content Management solution by July 2021.		
					analysis. The Content Management go-live was postponed several times			Management solution. This will help DLIR to understand the	0//05/04: DUD and the desiring :		
					due to ongoing analysis and could potentially delay the go-live for several months more. It is critical for DLIR and DataHouse to work together to			comprehensive solution and to identify limitations that are only temporary until additional functionality is provided in later phases.	06/25/21: DLIR made the decision to replace and redevelop the Content Management scanning and data extraction component. DLIR is still in the		
					timely and thoroughly complete analysis and agree upon how to proceed.			Consider if additional options are needed based on the completed	process of gathering additional information to finalize the solution and gap		
								listing of risk/criticality-rated major gaps.	analysis.		
					In addition to the specific recommendations made as a part of this finding, the IV&V recommendations made at findings 2020.12.IT01,			Consider impacts to current phase as well as total solution/project; short-	07/27/21, 08/25/21, and 09/28/21: Completion of DLIR's Content		
					the IV&V recommendations made at findings 2020.12.1101, 2019.07.PM10, and 2019.10.PM01 will also help to address this issue.			term costs and total cost of ownership (TCO); and impacts to the implementation plan and users.	0//2//21, 08/25/21, and 09/28/21: Completion of DLIR's Content Management solution analysis is still pending.		
					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			implementation platfatio users.			
									Accuity will continue to monitor progress to complete solution analysis.		
	1 1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1

ASSESSMENT				CURRENT						EINIDING			
CATEGORY	FINDING ID	TYPE	SEVERITY	SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Business Process	2020.12.PM01	Risk	Moderate	Moderate	Unclear business processes supporting	Ongoing Phase 1 Content Management UAT is raising questions	2020.12.PM01.R1	Clarify redesigned business	•Identify business processes that need to change with the modernized	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021.		
Reengineering					the new system may impact testing and	regarding how the system will be used after interim Content Management		processes.	system.				
					go-live readiness.	go-live as well as the integrated Case Management go-live. The most			 Discuss and evaluate options for redesigning identified business 		04/27/21: Some discussion of business processes occurred, but DLIR		
						critical business process in question is the use of the new quick response			processes considering impacts on stakeholders.		cancelled most of the recurring business process meetings in the current		
						(QR) coded workers' compensation forms and the related business process			 Ensure that communication and training plans are updated for major 		month.		
						for data entry and scanning of these forms during the interim phase.			changes in business processes.				
						Other examples of business processes that need to be clarified include initial paper conversion scanning, subsequent separation and indexing of			Consider business process improvement performance goals and success		05/27/21 and 06/25/21: No updates to report.		
						files, transferring of cases to LIRAB during the interim, preparing and			Consider creating business process flows for the interim Content		07/27/21 and 08/25/21: Questions about business processes and possible		
						viewing select documents for hearings, storing/indexing files associated to			Management phase.		opportunities for BPR are raised during Phase 2 design sessions.		
						multiple cases, and acceptable use of annotations in electronic			Consider creating informational flyers/cheat sheets to help internal and		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
						documents. Clarification of business processes is critical to ensure that			external stakeholders understand and prepare for business process		09/28/21: DLIR needs to discuss and decide upon key business processes for	r	
						proper UAT test cases are designed around how the system will be used in			changes.		the Content Management system to adequately plan and prepare for		
						the future. Clear understanding of business processes is also important to					upcoming UAT and go-live.		
						provide timely communications and necessary training to impacted							
						stakeholders prior to go-live.					Accuity will continue to assess business process decisions and documentation	1.	
ality	2020.12.IT01	Issue	High	High	Outstanding project risks are impairing		2020.12.IT01.R1	Develop a prioritized plan to	•DLIR and DataHouse should work together to evaluate and prioritize the	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021.		
anagement and						scheduled to complete testing in the first week of January 2021. DLIR was		address UAT execution issues.	UAT execution issues with the greatest impact on the Content				
sting					quality and project success.	not able to sufficiently prepare test cases prior to UAT kickoff, testing is			Management go-live date.		04/27/21: DLIR performed some follow-up Phase 1 Content Management		
						generally not formally documented, and adequate testing resources were			Develop a clear plan and realistic timeline to address UAT execution		retesting of DataHouse fixes for on-going technical issues. The process for		
						not secured or trained. DLIR and DataHouse did implement a log for tracking UAT feedback and issues as well as daily meetings to discuss and		<u> </u>	issues considering availability of DLIR project resources.		prioritizing and addressing issues/defects is still unclear.		
						review the latest log entries submitted by DLIR testers. DataHouse is	2020.12.IT01.R2	Improve DLIR understanding of	DataHouse should provide additional clarification and demonstration of		05/27/21: Both Phase 1 Content Management and Case Management UAT		
						timely responding to log entries but it is unclear what DLIR's process and		issue/defect resolution.	the functionality to be provided by the stand-alone Content		are on hold due to ongoing Content Management issues. It is unclear when		
						thresholds are for evaluating and ultimately accepting residual issues in			Management solution and the integrated Case Management solution.		DLIR plans to resume Content Management UAT and when Case		
						aggregate. Adequate UAT is necessary to ensure quality and overall			This will help DLIR users understand limitations that are only temporary		Management UAT will begin.		
						project success goals are met and that the project is able to move forward.			and the additional functionality provided in later phases. •For issues not fixed by DataHouse, DLIR should ensure stakeholders				
						The following project risks and issues (refer to Appendix D: Prior Findings			understand options (e.g., work arounds, change requests).		06/25/21: Content Management UAT will need to be reperformed for the		
						Log) are impairing UAT execution:			DLIR should assign risk/criticality ratings for each of the unresolved		new solution. Case Management UAT is still on hold and it is unclear when		
						•Inadequate Resources (2019.07.PM14, 2020.03.PM01) – DLIR does not			issues to provide quantifiable metrics for system acceptance and the		testing will begin. However, the new DLIR business analyst contractor is		
						have adequate testers and key DCD testers still need to get involved in testing activities. Additional DLIR resources are also needed to assist with			go/no-go decision.		beginning to draft test scripts and will be responsible for managing testing activities including issue/defect tracking.		
						test case preparation, tester training, and testing oversight.			Consider which issues/defects can be addressed after go-live by agreed-		activities including issue/detect tracking.		
						Inadequate Schedule and Resource Management Processes			upon resolution dates.		07/27/21: DLIR is making progress to establish testing processes and		
						(2019.07.PM13 and 2019.09.PM02) – Formal tools and processes are not					templates including issue/defect reporting and tracking.		
						used to manage DLIR testing resources' schedule and tasks.							
						•Incomplete Requirements (2019.07.PM10) – User feedback and technical					08/25/21: DLIR continued to prepare additional test cases and refine testing		
						issues during UAT highlights the lack of adequately documented technical					processes.		
						and functional requirements.							
						•Ineffective Communication (2019.07.PM06) – Limited communications					09/28/21: Identification and coordination of specific testers for the various		
						occurred between the Content Management development team and DLIR					testing efforts, preparation of test data and test scripts, and mapping out the	' [
						during development. Recent daily meetings have helped to improve communications but additional discussions are needed to increase DLIR's					scope of each test cycle is still in progress.		
						understanding of the technical solution components.					Accuity will continue to evaluate UAT and issue/defect resolution processes.		
						Incomplete DLIR and DataHouse Test Plans (2019.10.IT01, 2020.02.IT01)					, and issurdice resolution processes.		
						DLIR and DataHouse have not yet finalized their test plans. Test scope,							
						test processes, and testing documentation need to be further clarified							
						between DLIR and DataHouse.							
						•Technical Issues – A number of technical issues were encountered during							
						UAT. The slowness of the system has prevented DLIR from bringing on							
						additional testers for UAT. DLIR and DataHouse are in the process of							
						investigating the issues and plan to perform network and application testing in late December 2020.							
						Unclear Business Processes (2020.12.PM01) – Unclear business processes							
						surrounding the new technical solution creates confusion on testing of how							
						the new system will be used in the future.							
						Incomplete Quality Management Plan and Go/No-Go Decision Criteria							
						(2019.07.IT05, 2020.09.IT01) – DataHouse and DLIR still need to finalize							
						their quality management plan and define quality metrics and acceptance							
						criteria.							
						In addition to the specific recommendations made as a part of this finding,							
						the IV&V recommendations made at the findings referenced above will							
	1			1		also help to address this issue.		1					

ASSESSMENT ORIGINAL CURRENT						FINDING			
CATEGORY FINDING ID TYPE SEVERITY SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
System Software, 2020.09.IT01 Issue Moderate High Hardware, and Integrations		The criteria for the go/no-go decision are not completely and clearly defined and agreed upon. The decision to go-live involves many areas and tasks of the project including testing, quality management, security, data conversion, training, communications, and deliverable review, as well as the operational readiness of users. Various project plans often include or establish select criteria; however, some of these related plans pending completion or finalization include the test plans (2020.02.IT01 and 2019.10.IT01), the quality management plan (2019.07.IT05), and security management plan (2019.07.IT07). Additionally, acceptance criteria for requirements (2019.10.PM01) and for deliverables (2019.07.PM03) have not been established. The Content Management system is scheduled to go-live on November 25, 2020 and Case Management on June 14, 2021. With the Content Management go-live date quickly approaching, it is important to establish clear criteria for the go/no-go decision. DUR is planning to draft a go/no-go checklist to summarize all of the criteria and tasks. DataHouse plans to provide a cutover plan to provide additional information about pre and post go-live tasks.		Establish complete and clear go/no-go criteria.	- Establish go/no-go criteria in advance of the go-live decision to allow for sufficient time for tasks to be completed and criteria satisfied Ensure all parties agree upon go/no-go criteria including impacted stakeholders Consider go/no-go criteria such as all requirements meet acceptance criteria and are approved by DLIR, end user training is completed, and critical bugs and issues are identified and resolved Consider setting go-live countdown checkpoints (e.g., 15, 30, 60, 90 days) for specific go/no-go criteria or tasks to be reviewed or completed by.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21 and 05/27/21: As a part of the upcoming Content Management analysis and decision, DUR should reevaluate the draft go/no-go criteria based on current project status and any revisions to project success metrics (2019.07.PG05). 06/25/21: DUR reached a decision regarding the Content Management solution. DUR should reevaluate go/no-go criteria as part of the revisions to project plans for the new solution. 07/27/21 and 08/25/21: No updates to report. 09/28/21: With Content Management go-live approaching in less than three months, it is critical that go/no-go criteria are finalized. Clear go/no-go and acceptance criteria are critical for ensuring quality and overall project success goals are satisfied and verified prior to acceptance and moving the system into production. Accuity will evaluate the checklists and criteria as finalized.		
Project 2020.07.PM01 Risk Moderate High	Limited progress to address previously	IV&V identified a number of risks and issues since the IV&V Initial Report i	in 2020.07.PM01.R1	Perform a project assessment.	Consider performing retrospective for project processes.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021.		
Project Moderate Prign Organization and Management Management	Limited progress to adoress previously identified deficiencies for foundational project processes may result in reoccurring issues and delays.	July 2017 eletated to foundational project processes. Some of the more critical areas requiring improvements include cost management, schedula management, resource management, requirements management, schedula management, risk management, and testing as these processes impact many aspects of the project execution and contribute greatly to overall project performance and project success. Identified deficiencies contributed to project delays experienced in Phase 1. For example, a significant amount of time was spent clarifying and refining Case Management user stories due to incomplete and unclear requirements documentation. Additionally, the project was delayed several times for AWS due to unclear requirements, tasks, and resources needed as well as ineffective processes to document and analyze the change and identify and mitigate risks associated to the AWS build. Incremental progress was made for many findings but a majority are still open. Progress was limited by availability of project resources and competing organizational and project priorities. With the kick-off of Phas 2 in August, this is a great opportunity to review identified deficiencies, evaluate the effectiveness of current project processes, reflect on lessons learned on the project to date, and make necessary improvements for upcoming activities. Additionally, addressing deficiencies will better position the project to handle and adjust to changes going forward including potential rapidly evolving circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic (refer to finding 2020.03.PM01).	2020.07.PM01.R2	Formulate a plan for addressing identified deficiencies.	*Consider conducting performance assessments for the project team, individual team members, and governance. *Document lessons learned and necessary actions or follow-up to prevent reoccurrence of similar issues. *Prioritize based on relevance to upcoming activities; consider focusing on requirements management and BPR processes to optimize effectiveness and efficiencies of upcoming requirements gathering sessions. *Develop high-level timeline and tasks for addressing deficiencies and begin tracking progress.	Open	O4/27/21: No updates to report. 04/27/21: No updates to report. 05/27/21: DLIR and DataHouse held one meeting to discuss prior IV&V findings and develop mitigation plans. DLIR and DataHouse plan to reinstate recurring meetings going forward. 06/25/21: DLIR and DataHouse continued to meet to discuss prior IV&V findings and mitigation plans. With the decision to replace a component of Content Management, this is an opportunity to relook at previously identified deficiencies and consider lessons learned from the first time around to improve execution of the new solution. 07/27/21: DLIR and DataHouse continued to meet to discuss prior IV&V findings and mitigation plans. DLIR held a retrospective of the first Content Management development and shared this feetback with DataHouse. IV&V does not have adequate visibility to determine how these lessons learned are being factored into plans for the replacement solution as well as other project plan revisions. 08/25/21 and 09/28/21: There are 30 open findings from prior reports that include 15 from the August 2019 IV&V Initial Report. While some progress continues to be made, the pace of improvements is not enough to significantly improve project performance. Proir IV&V findings and lessons learned should be timely addressed to ensure these same issues do not continue to hinder project performance going forward. Continuing in the same way will likely lead to the same results. Accuity will continue to evaluate progress to address open findings.		
Ovelity 2020 02 IT04 Birly High Madesses	The Details on Test Blooks in incomplete	Details on defend the Test Black Version CO and the DUB serious and	2020 02 IT01 D1	Clarifish about a same	-Dufame delimenta estimate finding 2010 07 DM02\s-	0			
Quality Management and Testing 2020.02.IT01 Risk High Moderate Moderate		DataHouse drafted the Test Plan Version 0.0, pending DLIR review and approval. The test plan does not include or clearly explain the following: *The scope of the test plan is incomplete (e.g., performance, load, volume, AWS environments). *The testing approach differs from DataHouse's Best and Final Offer (BAFO) (e.g., regression testing, test-driven development (TDD)). *The security testing does not address all security requirements outlined in the DataHouse contract or verbally discussed with DataHouse (e.g., AWS vulnerability scan). *Specifics of the test approach are not detailed (e.g., test design techniques for all testing types, automation testing tools, test data requirements, data scrubbing procedures, metrics for test cases and coverage of code). *The test tasks included in the project schedule are incomplete (e.g., security tests, test plan Section 8 tasks). *Incomplete test deliverables and unclear delivery (e.g., missing a test completion report, defect reports not delivered to DLIR, test results delivered through the requirements traceability matrix (RTM). *There are no defined test management monitoring and control processes. *A naming convention of test documentation files is not established for easy retrieval and location. A lack of clarity of DataHouse's testing approach may not allow DLIR to appropriately develop their own test plan or ensure testing activities are adequately performed. Additionally, a lack of mutual understanding and inadequate test management processes.	2020.02.IT01.R2	Develop adequate test management processes and procedures.	Perform a deliverable review (refer to finding 2019.07.PM03) to ensure DLIR understands the test plan and scope. Consider making improvements to the test documentation. Consider a process for monitoring and reporting test status and results. Consider a process for authorization of test data.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21, 05/27/21, 06/25/21, 07/27/21, 08/25/21, and 09/28/21: No updates to report. Accuity will continue to evaluate test plans and test processes.		

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY	FINDING ID TYI	OF PE SE	RIGINAL	CURRENT SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSURE REASON
Data Conversion	2019.11.IT01 Isss	M.	oderate	Moderate	Unclear data conversion plans and processes may reduce DLIR's ability to prepare for proper data conversion.	The Content Management Conversion and Migration (version 1.2 pending DUR approval) and Case Management Conversion and Migration (version 1.1 pending DUR approval) describe the data conversion process and roles and responsibilities between DataHouse and DUR. DUR is responsible for performing UAT on the data and ultimately signing off on the final reconciliation reports but has not yet formalized plans for these tasks. The data conversion plans do not provide sufficient details and DUR does not have insight to the DataHouse data conversion teams' activities, tools, reports, risks and issues, and testing. As such, DUR is unable to properly prepare for their part in the process and will not be able to adjust their data conversion test plans for maximum efficiency. Additionally, DUR has not finalized plans for scanning current paper files to ensure necessary data quality to support system use at go-live. The IV&V recommendations made at 2019.07.PM02.R3 and 2019.07.PM13.R2 regarding DataHouse including DUR in project activities and adding detailed tasks to the project schedule will also address this finding. Below are additional recommendations to further improve data conversion plans and activities.	2019.11.IT01.R2 2019.11.IT01.R3	data conversion process. Formalize DUR data conversion tes plans.	Explain how data conversion tools perform validation and reconciliation steps and share available reports and logs. Explain the process for how the data conversion plans will be updated for changes in system requirements. Provide details on timing, number of data extractions and tests to be performed, and necessary remapping of data. Focus DUR tests to address identified data conversion risks and issues. Estimate data conversion test resource needs and ensure adequate resources are identified, trained, and scheduled (refer to findings 2019.09.PM02 and 2019.07.PM14). Evaluate the impact on operations and project success of different data conversion scanning approach options. Estimate scanning time requirements and begin to schedule or acquire necessary resources (refer to findings 2019.09.PM02 and 2019.07.PM14).	-	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21: DLIR and DataHouse held meetings to discuss and clarify data conversion issues and plans, but additional clarification is needed. 05/27/21: DLIR completed a review of the Phase 1 Case Management data conversion deliverable and submitted questions and feedback to DataHouse. 06/25/21: DataHouse provided responses to DLIR's feedback. A follow-up meeting is scheduled for July 2021 to further discuss. 07/27/21: DLIR approved DataHouse's Phase 1 Case Management data conversion deliverable; however, data conversion validation testing is still on hold for pending system training and project schedule revisions. 08/25/21: Phase 1 Case Management data conversion validation testing is tentatively scheduled for September 2021. DLIR's plan and test cases for performing the testing are still unclear. 09/28/21: Accuity changed this finding from a risk to an issue as the unclear plans and processes are impacting execution. Phase 1 Case Management data validation testing is currently underway. DLIR SMEs are making progress to complete tests, however, execution was delayed due to discussion and clarification of data conversion testing processes, training of testers on how to perform testing, and assigning testers specific test cases. Identification, documentation, or execution of additional data validation test scenarios are still needed. Accuity will evaluate data conversion plans as progress is made.	
Scope and Requirements Management	2019.10.PM01 Ris	k Hi	gh	High	The current RTM documentation and tool may hinder traceability, which may impact the ability to ensure the overall eCMS solution fulfills all requirements and provides context and expectations for design, development, and testing.	Added complexity to requirements traceability is due to the current requirements management process. Requirements documentation was developed separate from the DataHouse contract requirements and more detailed requirements were developed by the Content Management and Case Management development teams to use for development. As a result, there is duplication of requirements the RTM which will likely impede traceability to requirements the RTM which will likely impede traceability to requirements throughout the life of the project. DataHouse made incremental improvements to the RTM. The requirements documentation were traced to the use cases used by the Case Management development team or user stories used by the Content Management development team. DataHouse contract requirements were also added to the RTM but have not yet been traced to the requirements used for development. Requirements are not currently traced to project objectives and success metrics to ensure requirements adouts on the Content for the project. The content is the content of the content	2019.10.PM01.R1	Improve requirements traceability.	Trace contract requirements to requirements subsets used by the development teams to ensure completeness. Consider identifying high-level requirements that duplicate more detailed requirements to reduce redundancy in traceability to design and testing. Trace requirements to the project objectives success metrics (refer to finding 2019.07.PG05) to ensure each approved requirement adds business value. Add acceptance criteria to the RTM to ensure stakeholder satisfaction. Consider use of a requirements management tool with greater functionality.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21, 05/27/21, and 06/25/21: No updates to report. 07/27/21: Phase 2 user stories were added to the RTM. Similar to Phase 1 user stories, there is no traceability between contract requirements and requirement subsets used by the development teams. Acceptance criteria has also not been established. 08/25/21 and 09/28/21: No updates to report. Accuity will evaluate the RTM as improvements are made.	
Quality Management and Testing	2019.10.IT01 lsss	M.	oderate	High	Lack of approved test plans may impact the execution and quality of test activities and documentation.	According to the Project Management Plan (version 1.3), the DataHouse test plan was scheduled for completion on September 3, 2019. Due to the need to focus resources on the AWS setup and network connections, DataHouse is now targeting to complete the test plan in November 2019. DUR planned to complete the DUR test plan in October 2019. Due to resource constraints and the need to work on other DUR T initiatives, the DUR test plan may be combined with the DataHouse test plan and the plan may be combined with the DataHouse test plan. As DataHouse test activities are scheduled to begin in November 2019, DUR needs to understand DataHouse's test strategy and test needs. DUR also needs to establish their own test strategy as well as identify, train, and schedule DUR test resources.		Finalize the test plan.	Identify applicable test standards and requirements. Delineate roles and responsibilities between DataHouse and DUR (refer to finding 2019.07.PM02). Estimate test resource needs and ensure adequate resources are identified, trained, and scheduled (refer to findings 2019.09.PM02 and 2019.07.PM14).	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21: DUR plans to procure additional testing resources to assist with planning, managing, and executing testing. 05/27/21: DUR procured an additional business analyst resource to assist with testing and is expected to begin in June 2021. 06/25/21: The new DUR business analyst contractor will be responsible for managing testing activities. She is beginning to draft test scripts and establish testing procedures and tools. 07/27/21: DUR is making progress to establish testing processes, create testing templates, and prepare test cases. 08/25/21: DUR continued to prepare additional test cases and refine testing processes. 09/28/21: Identification and coordination of specific testers for the various testing efforts, preparation of test data and test scripts, and mapping out the scope of each test cycle is still in progress. Accuity will continue to evaluate DUR's test plan and approach.	

ASSESSMENT	EINDING ID	TVDE	ORIGINAL	CURRENT	EINDING	ANALYSIS	PECOMMENDATION ID	PECOMMENDATION	SLIDDI EMENTAL DECOMMENDATION	FINDING	EININING STATUS LIDDATE	CLOSUDE DEASON
Security	2019.10.IT02	Risk	High	High	Lack of formalized security policies and procedures may impact the security and privacy of the data and may lead to project delays.	in place to adequately protect eCMS Project data. The lack of policies primarily impacts the completion of the AWS setup and the Content Management solution component. Security requirements for the doud environment must be determined and controls implemented before the AWS environments can be used for planned data conversion and testing activities. The determination of security requirements is critical as data conversion activities are already delayed for the AWS setup and testing activities are to begin in November 2019. The development of formalized policies will also impact the application security management plan and design that DataHouse is responsible for (refer to finding 2019.07.1107). Security policies and the resulting security requirements should be	2019.10.IT02.R2	Formalize security policies. Formalize and implement security procedures.	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION *Work with Fiz to align DLIR policies with State policies and/or a standard security framework. *Consider prioritizing security policies that are most relevant for use of cloud services and data protection (e.g., security logging and monitoring, MFA, remote access, encryption of data-at-rest and data-intransit) *Clarify roles and responsibilities for security controls between DLIR and ETS. *Identify specific resources to perform security procedures. *Consider prioritizing security procedures that are necessary for the operation of the AWS environments.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21: No updates to report. 05/27/21: DLIR began to draft a security policy template. 06/25/21 and 07/27/21: No updates to report. 08/25/21: DLIR prepared the first draft of an access control policy. 09/28/21: No updates to report. Accuity will evaluate the security policies, requirements, and procedures as	COSORE REAGON
Project Organization and Management	2019.09.PM01	Issue	Moderate	High	The documented change management process was not followed as prescribed.	determined immediately to prevent further delay of the project. The Project Management Plan (version 1.3) documents the change management process that includes Change Requests, impact assessments and a Change Log. The change to AWS (refer to finding 2019.07.IT01 in Appendix D) and the revision of the Content Management go-live date were approved by DUR but not documented in Change Requests or a Change Log. Additionally, the change management process does not have built in mechanisms to ensure that impacted documents are updated for the change and changes are appropriately communicated to impacted stakeholders.		Document changes in Change Requests, with an impact assessment, and the Change Log in accordance with the Project Management Plan. Refine the change management process for greater clarity and effectiveness.	Consider setting thresholds or criteria for changes that go through different approval processes. Define the different approval processes (e.g., project manager, product owners, change control board, steering committee). Implement additional columns in the Change Log to ensure updates are made to all impacted project plans, documents, or deliverables and changes are communicated to all impacted stakeholders.		they are finalized. Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21 and 05/27/21: No updates to report. 06/25/21: DUR plans to combine all the pending Datacap related change requests into one change request related to the new Encapture solution. 07/27/21: DataHouse drafted the new change request to document the switch from Datacap to Encapture; however, DUR has not yet approved the change request due to ongoing discussions of the proposed Content Management timeline. DataHouse should also document the resulting project schedule changes for Phase 18, 2, and 3 in a formal change request as prescribed by the Project Management Plan. 08/25/21 and 09/28/21: The Content Management change request is pending DUR approval. Accuity will review the change requests as they are finalized and evaluate improvements to the Change Log.	
Cost, Schedule and Resource Management	3 2019.09.PM02	Risk	Prelim	High	Undefined resource management processes and procedures may result in unidentified resource requirements, inadequate resources, or project resources that are not optimally utilized. (Updated)	This was originally reported in the September 2019 IV&V Monthly Report as a preliminary concern but is upgraded to a risk in this report. The Project Management Plan (version 1.3) includes a human resource management section that outlines the high-level roles and responsibilities of various team members but does not define a process for how resources will be managed. This will become more critical for DUR as the project gears up for more resource demanding activities including data conversion, testing, and spint reviews. Additionally, DUR project team resources are not fully dedicated to the project and still perform other job duties. Developing processes and procedures to track and quantify upcoming resource needs, identify available resources, morninisted to the project and still perform other job duties. Developing processes and procedures to track and quantify upcoming resource needs, identify available resources, and train resources for assigned tasks will help to minimize project delays. DUR developed a rough estimate of hours to perform scanning and data entry of Case Management paper files but more precise estimates based on a trial run of sample cases and a decision on what cases must be converted by go-live is needed (refer also to finding 2019.11.1T01). Additionally, DUR needs to perform an analysis to determine how many resources can be acquired with budgeted funds and whether those acquired resources will be able to complete necessary data conversion activities by the targeted go-live. DUR has not yet completed a test plan (refer to finding 2019.10.1T01), estimated resource requirements for testing, or formalized a plan for scheduling testers. The IV&V recommendations made at 2019.07.PM14.R1 and 2019.07.PM14.R2 regarding evaluating resource needs and resource reports will also address this finding. Below are additional recommendations to further improve data conversion plans and activities.		Develop procedures to estimate and refine DLIR resource requirements. Develop processes to optimize utilization of DUR project resources	Detail necessary steps and information needed to estimate and refine resources requirements. Consult DataHouse for input on upcoming activities that require DUR resources and clarify expectations of resources. Assign responsibility for and establish target due dates to develop resources estimates for major project activities (e.g., data conversion, testing). Consider working with managers of project resources to reassign team members' other job duties. Consider periodically reconfirming and renewing resource commitments to the project. Ensure team members understand their responsibilities (e.g., testing, sprint user story contact, project communications, OCM) and assignments. Ensure team members are properly trained and prepared to perform their assignments. Esplore use of tools for resource calendars and tracking of team member assignment progress and completion.	_	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21: Many of the recurring meetings were cancelled due to the pending Content Management solution. 05/27/21 and 06/25/21: No updates to report. 07/27/21: DLIR developed a template to track staff availability; however, this template and process still need to be implemented with all project team members. 08/25/21: No updates to report. 09/28/21: The proposed timeline is not based on an analysis of available resources but rather on stakeholder needs for the new system. As such, new resource management strategies are required to ensure that project resources timely complete tasks and stay on track with the proposed timeline. Additional DLIR area leads would help to manage various workstreams and phases. With all three phases running concurrently, this will require greater coordination and utilization of all available project resources. Accuity will continue to evaluate resource management practices.	
System Software, Hardware, and Integrations	2019.09.IT02	Risk	Prelim	Moderate		This was originally reported in the September 2019 IV&V Monthly Report as a preliminary concern but is upgraded to a risk in this report. The M&O roles and responsibilities and plans for developing support processes and procedures are currently unclear. DLR is considering executing a support option in their contract with DataHouse to help with M&O after go-live as it is uncertain if DLR EDPSO will have adequate resources to perform required M&O. The COVID-19 pandemic (refer to finding 2020.03.PMOI) thrither exacerbates and creates additional uncertainty with regards to DLR EDPSO and ETS resources. The roles and responsibilities within the DLR EDPSO that may shared responsibilities with ETS and DataHouse need to be clarified. This will help to quantify eCMS M&O resource requirements (refer to finding 2019.09.PMO2) and either identify resources within the existing DLR EDPSO team or acquire the necessary resources (2019.07.PM14). This should be done with sufficient time for training and knowledge transfer so that M&O resources are in place at go-live. Clarifying M&O roles and responsibilities will also help to develop the related security management plan (refer to finding 2019.07.IT07).		Clarify M&O roles and responsibilities.	Discuss terms of DataHouse support option to understand level of support, cost structure, and timing of transition. Clarify any shared responsibility with ETS and enterprise tools that can be leveraged.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21, 05/27/21, 06/25/21, 07/27/21, 08/25/21, and 09/28/21: No updates to report. Accuity will continue to evaluate M&O as roles and responsibilities are darified.	

ASSESSMENT	E	ORIGINAL	CURRENT				RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Data Conversion	2019.09.IT03 Risk	Prelim	Low	Unsupported IBM Lotus Notes Domino Case Management may impact the execution of data conversion activities. (Updated)	This was originally reported in the September 2019 IV&V Monthly Report as a preliminary concern but is upgraded to a risk in this report. The current case management system, IBM Lotus Notes Domino, is no longer supported. The product was sold by IBM to HCL Technologies, an Indian IT company. DLIR's licenses for the product ended in June 2019 and DLIR is unable to renew the licenses as HCL Technologies is not a State Procurement Office (SPO) compliant vendor. This system will be replaced by the eCMS Case Management solution which was scheduled to go-live in November 2020 but this was tentatively pushed back to June 2021. Any major issues with the current system may impact the data conversion process leading up to the go-live date and potentially the overall system development.	2019.09.IT03.RI	Explore options for obtaining support.		Open	Refer to prior (V&W Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21, 05/27/21, 06/25/21, 07/27/21, 08/25/21, and 09/28/21: No updates to report. Accuity will continue to monitor this preliminary concern.	CLOSED DATE	COSCRETEASON
Benefits Realization	2019.07.PG05 Risk	High	Moderate		The eCMS Project does not have a project charter that would have helped to formalize the project goals, target benefits, and success metrics at the start of the project. Based on informal recommendations made by Team Accuity during the initial IV&V on-site review, DLIR is in the process of creating a project charter that includes clear goals and success metrics. The lack of clear and measurable goals and success metrics makes it difficult to determine if the project and technical solution will achieve the desired level of improvement or benefits that justify the project's financial investment. Goals and success metrics need to be defined before going any further in the project as they should be guiding all key decisions throughout the entire project.		Formalize measurable goals and success metrics in a project charter. Collect baseline and project performance data. Use performance data to monitor o	Consider financial, nonfinancial, tangible, and intangible metrics such as operational Key Performance Indicators (RPIs), customer or employee satisfaction, user adoption, return on investment, or cycle or processing times. Consider project management, organizational change management, and benefits realization management objectives as well as alignment to DUR goals. Consider methods for collecting data such as surveys, queries, observation, open forums, or actual performance testing. Consider sources of data such as legacy systems, operations, and internal and external stakeholders.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21, 05/27/21, 06/25/21, 07/27/21, 08/25/21, and 09/28/21: No updates to report. Accuity will continue to evaluate the collection and monitoring of success metrics data.		
							evaluate project or contractor performance.					
Project Organization and Management	2019.07.PM02 Risk	High	High	The current project management organization may hinder project performance.	The eCMS Project has failed to achieve team synergy between DLIR and DataHouse project team members and appear to work as separate teams instead of one. DataHouse works almost exclusively off-site except for designated meetings, workshops, and design sessions and DLIR is not included in many project design or development activities. The unclear contract terms regarding roles and responsibilities between DLIR and DataHouse (refer to finding 2019.07.PG33), physical separation of the project team, and limited collaboration or DLIR involvement have all contributed to the siloed workstreams. This has also led to ineffective communications within the project team (refer to finding 2019.07.PM06).	2019.07.PM02.R1 2019.07.PM02.R2	Clarify roles and responsibilities between DLIR and DataHouse. The DataHouse Project Manager should work onsite at DLIR through project completion to improve DLIR and DataHouse project team cohesion.	responsible and list specific responsibilities for each project management area. **Consider the need to include an outline of DJR and DataHouse roles and responsibilities in a contract modification (refer to finding 2019.07.PG03).	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21 and 05/27/21: DUR and DataHouse still work in a very siloed and disconnected manner. They need to work more collaboratively to tackle and overcome the challenges facing the project today. 06/25/21: Some progress was made to improve collaboration between DUR and DataHouse to arrive at a decision for the Content Management solution. DUR and DataHouse need to work together to revise project plans and schedule for the new Content Management solution to set a clear path forward. 07/27/21: DUR and DataHouse still need to work together better to reevaluate and readjust the project plans in a timely manner. Additionally, Content Management development activities are already occurring for the new solution but DUR does not have visibility of this progress. DUR plans to implement a weekly touchpoint meeting with both Content Management and Case Management development teams.		
							communications to increase DUR and DataHouse project team cohesion.			08/25/21: DLIR and DataHouse changed the format of weekly project management meetings to improve efficiency and to better discuss project schedule, risks, and ongoing activities with core project team members. 09/28/21: Accuity increased the severity rating from Level 2 (Moderate) to Level 1 (High). Substantial changes in how the DLIR and DataHouse project teams work together will be necessary to keep up with the fast pace of the project under the proposed timeline. This includes greater collaboration, transparent dialogue, and timely adjustments to manage various workstreams and phases. Accuity will continue to evaluate the clarity of roles and responsibilities and observe the effectiveness of project organization.		

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY	FINDING ID	TYPE	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
CATEGORY Project Organization and Management	FINDING ID 2019.07.PM03	IYPE 3 Issue	SEVERITY Moderate	SEVERITY	FINDINC The current deliverable review and acceptance process has contributed to project delays and resulted in the acceptance of deliverables that do not meet industry standards.	ANALYSIS DataHouse prepares project deliverables and submits to DLIR for review. As DLIR has had limited involvement in project activities or the preparation of deliverables (refer to finding 2019.07.PM02), DLIR does not have an understanding of the purpose of the deliverables or the thought process and factors that were considered in developing the deliverables. This has led to protracted review periods and acceptance of deliverables that do not meet industry standards (refer to finding 2019.07.PM10). A lack of a clear deliverable listing or acceptance criteria (refer to finding 2019.07.PG03), a lack of a quality management process and resource to verify deliverables (refer to finding 2019.07.PM14) also contribute to an inreflective deliverable review and acceptance process. The delay in the approval of deliverables has been cited by the cCMS Project team as one of the reasons the Phase 1 go-live dates were extended. Based on informal IV&V recommendations, DataHouse and DLIR started to implement joint deliverable review meetings beginning June 2019.	2019.07.PM03.R2 2019.07.PM03.R3	RECOMMENDATION Establish deliverable acceptance criteria. Hold joint DLIR and DataHouse deliverable review meetings to walk through deliverables. Implement formal deliverable review and approval processes.	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION Consider including acceptance criteria in the quality management plan (refer to finding 2019.07.ITOS), in a contract amendment (refer to finding 2019.07.PG03), or in Deliverable Expectation Documents (DED). *Include both the scope validation process for acceptance and the quality control process for correctness (refer to finding 2019.07.IT.05). *Include an evaluation of deliverables against acceptance criteria and requirements documentation. *DLIR should understand how each deliverable impacts the project schedule, roles and responsibilities, and ultimately the quality of the technical solution and success of the project.		RINDING STATUS UPDATE Refer to prior IVRV Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21: DUR and DataHouse met to walk through the Case Management data conversion taxonomy deliverable. Approval is still pending. 05/27/21: DUR completed a review of the Phase 1 Case Management data conversion deliverable and submitted questions and feedback to DataHouse. The Phase 2 requirements deliverable is still pending review and approval, however, DataHouse is moving forward with design stage activities. 06/25/21: Additional discussions of the Phase 1 Case Management data conversion deliverable are occurring. However, the Phase 2 requirements deliverable is still pending approval and the most recent Phase 1 Case Management operations documentation was not reviewed in a walkthrough meeting. It is critical for DUR to prioritize the review of deliverables that have the most impact on the project schedule. 07/27/21: Pending deliverables were approved by DUR; however, DUR's acceptance criteria and review processes remain unclear or are inconsistently performed. 08/25/21: DUR performed a detailed review of and provided feedback on Phase 1 Case Management training materials. Phase 1 Content Management requirements and design deliverables updated for the new solution is pending review. 09/28/21: DUR review and acceptance of several deliverables is still pending. Accuity will continue to evaluate the effectiveness of the deliverable review and acceptance process.	CCOSED DATE	
Communication Management	2019.07.PM06		High	Moderate	potential risks, and upcoming project activities.	Communication activities listed in the Project Management Plan (version 1.0) did not occur as planned as the weekly project status meetings did not begin until April 2019 and the first progress report was not completed until February 2019. Despite the commencement of regular project communications, misunderstandings and miscommunications between the DataHouse and DLIR project teams continued to occur. DLIR project team members had a piecemeal understanding of the technical solution (refer to finding 2019.07.IT02) and project risks and issues (refer to finding 2019.07.IT02) and project risks and issues (refer to finding 2019.07.IT02). Additionally, information regarding upcoming project activities was not provided timely. For example, DataHouse did not timely communicate to DLIR what to expect for the design stage sessions (e.g., what would be covered each day, which end users needed to participate). There has also been a lack of communications regarding the upcoming build stage activities (refer to finding 2019.07.PMOS). The IV&V recommendations made at 2019.07.PMOS.R2 and 2019.07.PMO2.R3 regarding DataHouse working on-site and including DLIR in project activities will also address this finding. Below are additional recommendations to further improve project team communications.		Implement daily touch point meetings between DataHouse and DLIR Project Managers.		Open	and acceptance process. Refer to prior IV8V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21 and 05/27/21: Minimal meetings between DUR and DataHouse are occurring. 06/25/21: Communications between DUR and DataHouse increased to reach the Content Management decision. DUR and DataHouse need to continually communicate throughout the implementation of the new Content Management solution and during the critical data conversion and UAT activities. 07/27/21: DUR plans to implement a weekly touchpoint meeting with both Content Management and Case Management development teams to improve effectiveness and timeliness of communications between DUR and DataHouse. 08/25/21: Changes to communications between Core DUR and DataHouse project team members were implemented to better discuss project schedule, risks, and ongoing activities. A weekly touchpoint meeting with the DataHouse development teams is still pending. 09/28/21: DUR and DataHouse implemented additional recurring meetings with select project team members for Phase 1 Case Management data conversion activities which helped to improve timeliness of communications. With plans to execute all three phases simultaneously, additional improvements in the effectiveness and timeliness of communications are still needed for all DUR and DataHouse project team members. Accuity will continue to evaluate the effectiveness of these project communication channels.		
Communication Management	2019.07.PMO	7 Risk	Moderate	Moderate	The lack of tailored project communications for all impacted stakeholders may reduce user adoption and stakeholder buy-in.	Communications management is a part of the Project Management Plan developed by DataHouse; however, the plan is not comprehensive and primarily reflects project meetings, status reporting, and issue reporting. The approved Project Management Plan (version 1.2) was updated to include a communication matrix that outlines additional communication activities. While this is an improvement over the previous version, the latest draft plan still does not provide adequate details regarding communication activities as all stakeholders are grouped together for three broad communication activities as all stakeholders are grouped together for three broad communication requirements analysis was not conducted to determine the information needs of internal and external project stakeholders. There is not a process to ensure the timely distribution of project information and there is no dedicated role or adequate resources assigned to communications management (refer to finding 2019.07.PMIA). As such, communication activities have occurred haphazardly. The limited communication activities is somewhat mitigated as the DUR Project Manager involves internal stakeholders in project-related meetings and working sessions. However, this informal approach does not include all internal stakeholders or any external stakeholders.		Further refine communication management plans.	Segment stakeholders into groups by communication needs such as by position (e.g., Hearings, Enforcement, or Records and Claims), by position (e.g., manager, supervisor), or internal and external (e.g., claimants, insurance agencies). **Consider the list of communication methods listed in DataHouse's BAFO. **Due to limited DUR resources available for communication activities, the specific groups and communication activities should be prioritized to focus resources most efficiently. **Update the project schedule for communication activities and assigned resources (refer to finding 2019,07.PM14).	, '	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21: DUR began to plan for some internal stakeholder briefings and draft presentations. 05/27/21: DUR began holding internal stakeholder briefings to communicate project status and upcoming activities. Additional sessions with other groups of internal stakeholders are planned for June 2021. 06/25/21: Additional DUR internal stakeholder briefing sessions were pushed back to July 2021. 07/27/21: An additional DUR internal stakeholder briefing session was held. 08/25/21 and 09/28/21: No updates to report. Accuity will continue to evaluate project communication plans and activities.		

ASSESSMENT .			ORIGINAL	CURRENT						FINDING			
CATEGORY	FINDING ID	TYPE	SEVERITY	SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE CLOSED	D DATE CI	
Organizational Change Management	2019.07.PM08	Risk	Moderate	Moderate	Missing key OCM steps or activities may not identify pockets of resistance or adequately enable individual change.	There is no formal OCM plan or approach. DataHouse's BAFO lists various OCM activities but these were not formalized in a plan or processes. There are no OCM specific tasks or resources assigned for OCM activities in the project schedule (refer to finding 2019.07.PM14). Although there is no formal or coordinated OCM approach, some elements of OCM occur through regular project management communication and training activities. The DLIR Project Manager's inclusive and collaborative approach with internal stakeholders (refer to finding 2019.07.PM01) and the DCD Executive Sponsor's active and visible support of the project (refer to finding 2019.07.PM01) also mitigates the lack of a formal approach. Although projects may progress without a formal OCM approach, industry best practices support that a structured OCM approach compliments project management approaches in increasing probability of project success. Performing activities with an OCM focus will help to better prepare, equip, and support individuals throughout the project and to ensure that the solution is ultimately adopted and embraced by employees.		Develop and implement a structured OCM approach.	Collect baseline change awareness and readiness measurements through surveys or interviews. *Create and mobilize a change coalition group of managers, supervisors, and key influencers. *Incorporate and align OCM into communication, business process engineering (BPR), and training activities. *Develop OCM activities to address identified awareness gaps or pockets of resistance. *Implement reinforcement mechanisms to support change and increase adoption.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21: DUR continues to work on the OCM plan and prepare for OCM activities. Planned internal briefings and surveys will help to prepare stakeholders and collect feedback for upcoming Case Management UAT. 05/27/21: DUR began to hold stakeholder meetings and administer a survey to collect feedback to help in further developing the OCM plan. 06/25/21: No updates to report. 07/27/21: DUR made some progress to review survey results and update OCM assessments but additional work is needed to develop specific OCM activities. 08/25/21: DUR plans to meet with SMEs prior to meetings to better prepare them to actively and effectively participate in project activities. 09/28/21: DUR held additional working sessions and trainings to help SMEs participate in ongoing data validation testing. DLIR needs to continue developing their OCM plans and approach to better prepare SMEs prior to the start of the activities and identify those who need additional targeted OCM strategies. Accuty will continue to evaluate the OCM approach and monitor the change		
Risk Management	2019.07.PM09	Issue	High	Moderate	Risks and issues have not been clearly identified, tracked, or reported resulting in the lack of understanding of potential impacts across project team members and there are no mitigation plans to adequately address them.			Formalize the Risk and Issue Management process. Conduct regular meetings to discus project risks and issues.	A formalized process should clearly define responsibilities and steps in identification, resolution and action items tracking, and escalation procedures. The project team must encourage open, transparent discussion about risks and issues. Include DataHouse and DUR and, on occasion, the executive steering committee (feer to finding 2019.07.PG02). Perform a detailed review of new items, status of open items, risk/issue owners, and mitigation plans.	Open	readiness of project stakeholders. Refer to prior IV&W Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21: No updates to report. 05/27/21: DUR and DataHouse met to discuss the Content Management issue and developed a tentative mitigation plan. DUR and DataHouse also reinstated recurring meetings to regularly discuss risks and issues. 06/25/21: DUR and DataHouse continue to meet regularly to discuss risks and issues and mitigation plans. 07/27/21 and 08/25/21: DUR and DataHouse continue to meet regularly to discuss risks. Additional time and attention are needed on risks due to the increasing number and rising severity of risks to successful project completion. 09/28/21: DUR and DataHouse continue to develop some risk mitigation plans for the highest priority risks. With the fast pace of the proposed timeline, it is critical for DUR and DataHouse to improve risk management processes so that risks and issues are proactively identified, swiftly mitigated, and redirected if needed. Accuity will continue to monitor the risk management process.		
Scope and Requirements Management	2019.07.PM10	Issue	High	High	The Content Management and Case Management requirements documentation is incomplete.	The requirements for both Content Management and Case Management have already been approved; however, the requirements are incomplete (e.g. do not incorporate all contract requirements and all three project phases) and the descriptions in the Requirements Traceability Matrix (RTM) lack sufficient detail. The current RTM also does not link operational and project objectives to design artifacts. Furthermore, the RTM does not include non-functional requirements, including compliance with Hawaii Revised Statues, Hawaii Administrative Rules and security requirements. Requirements management is a part of the Project Management Plan developed by DataHouse; however, the plan is not comprehensive. The Project Management Plan (version 1.2) was updated to include additional details regarding requirements management. While this is an improvement over the previous version, the latest draft plan still does not provide adequate details regarding the requirements prioritization process, the traceability structure, and how requirements will be reported. As requirements are the foundation for proper system design, development, and testing, it is essential that requirements documentation are complete and meet industry standards and best practices. Requirements documentation should be revised and requirements management processes should be improved prior to moving forward in the project.		Case management requirements documentation and RTM.	-Ensure requirements follow SMART (specific, measurable, actionable, realistic and time bound) guidelinesEnsure requirements documentation include all requirements listed in the DataHouse contract, all requirements identified during the stakeholder sessions, and for all three phases of the eCMS ProjectEnsure requirements include functional, performance, process, nonfunctional, security, and interface requirements. -Ensure that there is a clear understanding between DataHouse and DUR regarding who is responsible for identifying and tracking different types of requirements. -Develop a process for prioritizing and reporting requirementsDevelop a process for tracing requirements to specific system design elements.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21 and 05/27/21: DLIR began to review unresolved issues from UAT to perform their requirements gap analysis. The identified gaps in requirements need to be evaluated by DLIR and DataHouse as a part of the pending solution analysis (2021.03.IT01). 06/25/21: DLIR made some progress to identify gaps in requirements for the Content Management solution. It is unclear how these gaps and any net new requirements identified during Content Management LAT will be addressed in the development of the replacement Content Management solution. 07/27/21: DLIR approved DataHouse's Phase 2 requirements alieliverable; however, it is unclear how new or clarified requirements raised during Phase 2 design sessions are captured and updated in requirements documentation. 08/25/21: DataHouse delivered the updated Phase 1 Content Management requirements deliverable but it did not include any of the requirements clarified or identified during Content Management UAT. 09/28/21: DataHouse and DLIR still are not in agreement on the Phase 1 Content Management requirements that were darified or identified during UAT which could impact the Content Management development; testing, and the go-live scheduled for December 2021. Additionally, with the aggressive timeline, careful management of requirements is needed to ensure that there is not a reduction in scope without a process for prioritizing and approving changes in requirements.		

ASSESSMENT ORIGINAL CURRENT	EINDING	ANALYSIS	DECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Cost, Schedule and 2019.07.PM12 Issue High High Resource Management	Informal cost management practices m lead to unexpected costs or overpayments of contracts.	required hardware and software for the alternative solution as well as long-	2019 07 PM12 R2	Prepare a comprehensive project budget and a schedule of long-term operational costs (e.g., licenses, subscriptions, maintenance, cloud services). Prepare regular cost reports for management and the executive		Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21, 05/27/21, and 06/25/21: DLIR is working on budgeting project and system costs. DLIR still needs to develop a comprehensive project budget to track and monitor all project costs. 07/27/21 and 08/25/21: The DataHouse contract needs to be revised for		
		term operational costs need to be properly evaluated and managed (refer to finding 2019.07.1101). Additionally, total project costs and funding sources are not formally reported. The DataHouse contract states that payments are contingent upon receipt of services, deliverables, and reports in accordance to the milestones that meet the expectations of the RFP. DataHouse provided DUR with a monthly payment schedule and as of June 30, 2019, DUR has paid DataHouse's invoices through April 2019 (May and June 2019 invoice payments are still pending). Although the project schedule, deliverable timelines, and go-live dates have been pushed back, no adjustments were made to the monthly payment schedule which could result in overpayments. Due to the lack of clear and specific deliverable expectations (refer to finding 2019.07.PG03), incomplete understanding of all the schedule delays (refer to finding 2019.07.PM13), and undefined criteria for revising the payment schedule, Team Accuity is unable to determine if DataHouse payments are appropriately managed.		steering committee. Clarify DataHouse payment terms and adjust payment schedules for schedule delays.			Content Management license costs. Additionally, the payment schedules still need to be revised and the contract period of performance needs to be reevaluated for possible extension. 09/28/21: DLIR updated the budget to add additional project costs. DataHouse tentatively agreed to extend their contract to December 2022 at no additional cost and provided a revised payment schedule. Both will be presented to the ESC in October 2021. Accuity will continue to monitor project costs, AWS costs (from finding 2019.07.IT01), and cost management practices.		
Cost, Schedule and 2019.07.PM13 Issue High High Resource Management	Inadequate schedule management practices may lead to project delays, missed project activities, unrealistic schedule forecasts, or unidentified causes for delays.	The Phase 1 go-live dates were delayed a few times since the start of the project with the Content Management go-live delayed five months and the Case Management go-live delayed five months and the Case Management go-live delayed three months. Reasons for the delay provided by the eCMS Project team included additional time for requirements gathering, some Phase 2 work that was moved up to Phase 1, staff vacations during the holidays, time for the DLIR Project Manager to write the RFP for the N&V contract, and delayed procurement of the scanners. Although there are reasonable explanations for some of the delays, detailed schedule variance analyses to understand causes and impacts of the delays have not been thoroughly performed, documented, or reported. Decisions or change requests to revise the project schedule are not properly documented or approved in accordance with the Project Management Plan. DataHouse has prepared a higher-level project schedule and a more detailed task listing. Although the project schedule will need to be updated due to the recent DHS development and selection of an alternative solution, the following deficiencies were noted in the current project schedule: **Does not include all project tasks such as Build stage sprints, communication, OCM, BPR, and quality assurance (refer to findings 2019.07.PMIDS, 2019.0	2019.07.PM13.R2	Document and approve revisions to project schedule deliverables, milestones, and go-live dates in accordance with the Project Management Plan. Refine the project schedule with details of tasks, durations, phases, and assigned resources. Prepare regular schedule reports and schedule variance analyses for management and the executive steering committee. Complete assessment and revisions of project schedule.	*Revise tasks, deliverable milestones, and go-live dates for all three phases. *Evaluate whether remaining project work can be accomplished in the remaining period of performance of DataHouse's contract or if the contract needs to be extended. *Set realistic and achievable dates based on availability of DUR project resources.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021. 04/27/21: The prolonged Content Management solution implementation keeps the limited DLIB project resources busy with performing the Content Management solution analysis and retesting (2021.03.IT01). This is delaying Case Management data conversion and UAT activities that are critical for achieving the current Phase 1 go-live schedule. 05/27/21: DLIR and DataHouse agreed on a tentative plan and timeline of tasks for the Content Management decision, but it is still unclear what the impact of these Content Management decision, but it is still unclear what the impact of these Content Management decision, but it is still unclear what the impact of these Content Management decision, but it is still unclear what the impact of these Content Management decision is pending. 06/25/21: DataHouse is passed will be managed, rescheduled, and executed while the Content Management solution decision. It is unclear how the various phases will be managed concurrently going forward. It is critical that the project schedule is revised in the next month and for DUR and DataHouse to set realistic and achievable dates based on availability of DUR project resources. 07/27/21: Accuity reopened the 2019.07.PM13.R1 recommendation as changes to the project schedule need to be formally documented and approved (2019.09.PM01). Accuity also added a new recommendation 2019.07.PM13.R4 for DUR and DataHouse to complete the project schedule assessment and revisions for all three phases including any potential changes to the DataHouse contract. 08/25/21: The high-level revised Phase 1 Content Management dates were approved, but there are a few key tasks or task dependencies missing from the detailed schedule based on lessons learned from the previous Content Management solution development. DLIR and DataHouse are now working on revisions to the Phase 1 Case Management timeline and plan to work on Phase 2 and 3 revisions within the next month. 09/28/21: DLIR and DataHouse		

Part of the content	ASSESSMENT	FINIDING ID	TV05	ORIGINAL	CURRENT	ENDING	ALL VOICE	DECOMMENDATION ID	DECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING	EINDING STATIIS LIPPATE
Projection Pro	Resource	2019.07.PM14	Issue	Moderate	High	may lead to project delays, reduced	project schedule information (refer to finding 2019.07.PM13); however,	2019.07.PM14.R1		Perform project schedule updates for the alternative solution (refer to finding 2019.07.IT01) and missing tasks (refer to finding 2019.07.PM13).	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021.
Part	management						DUR Project Managers appear to be over-tasked. The DUR Project Manager is the only full-time DUR employee assigned to the eCMS Project and understandably does not have time to perform all of the tasks to properly manage the project or represent DUR during project activities.	2019.07.PM14.R2	management and the executive	Consider including resource needs for unassigned tasks or roles. Consider including DLIR resources needed and estimated hours for upcoming project activities (e.g., design sessions, user demonstrations,		resource to assist with testing and requirements. 05/27/21: DUR procured an additional business analyst resource expected to
rougher for windows and important control or windows and important							(refer to finding 2019.07.PM02) but would not be able to with the current assigned resources.					helping to support the over-tasked DLIR project manager in some key areas of
Stam Subway. Orall 2017/10: R A Fig. 1997/10: R A							states that "resources will be provided based on project needs. This will be reviewed with DCD on a quarterly basis." The Project Status Reports prepared by DataHouse do not note any resource needs under the					data conversion and UAT.
Sear Eligible (1997) (1							noted that the DataHouse Quality Assurance Lead has not been assigned (refer to finding 2019.07.IT05). DataHouse is also considering adding a project coordinator resource to assist with meeting minutes and getting					resources but rather on stakeholder needs for the new system. As such, additional DUR project resources including area leads are needed to achieve the aggressive timeline.
Figure 1 was a service of the deep generated and services of the deep generated and services and services of the deep generated and services and s	Cuntom Coftune	2010 07 1702	Diele	Lliab	Madarata	An unclear interferes solution may impos	t The Contest Management Design (version 1.0) desument use approved	2010 07 IT02 P1	Desument the interfere colution and	Dogumentation should provide a clear understanding on the interface	Onon	
Integration for the success of the progress and should be fully defined to the success of the progress and should be fully defined as the success of the progress and should be fully defined as the success of the progress and should be fully defined as the success of the progress and should be fully defined as the success of the progress and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the progress and should be fully defined as the success of the progress and should be fully defined as the success of the progress and should be fully defined as the success of the progress and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success and should be fully defined as the success of the success of the	Hardware, and	2019.07.1102	RISK	nign	Moderate	the design process and require	by DUR on May 6, 2019. Case Management is currently in the design phase and design documents have not been provided. Although the Content Management design document was completed and Case Management design is in progress, the exact interface solution has not			solution including the following: * How Salesforce will query the selected Content Management solution * How files are uploaded to selected Content Management solution from Salesforce		04/27/21: DataHouse provided some explanation of interfaces between the Content Management and Case Management solutions. DataHouse plans to demo the integrated Content Management and Case Management solution
political. He report of this development. (p. 11 Mill of the three dear uniformatical of the remarks and an an accordance will a feet complete and configuration. Political in a project of the collection will all the complete and three dear and accordance will be a feet or appeal of the collection will be a feet or appeal							integral to the success of the project and should be fully defined in design documents in accordance with industry standards. Due to the recent DHS development, the interface options will need to			* Who is responsible for setup, configuration, and maintenance and the steps required for implementation * What are the costs associated for development and long-term		interface solution does work. 05/27/21: DataHouse held an initial demo of the integrated Content Management and Case Management solution to DUR but additional details
and maintenance of the proposal interface solution is self-under. The metrics of solution of testing and solution of self-under solutions is self-under. Security 2019/11/10 Risk Moderate High Not-beining an approved adaily management plan and assignment and master High Not-beining an approved adaily plan assignment plan and adaily plan assignment plan assignm							selected. However, even prior to this development, DLIR did not have a clear understanding of the interface solution as well as the complete technical solution. DLIR still had questions about the interface solution		define resources assigned to each o the interface-related activities.			06/25/21: No updates to report.
Management and Easturane resources may impact the gasturane resources from clique quality management plan in place may impact years and does not describe how quality cornor lesulate will be discourcement or project and does not describe how quality cornor lesulate will be discourcement or project and does not describe how quality cornor lesulate will be discourced and project and does not describe how quality cornor lesulate will be discourced and project and does not describe how quality cornor lesulate will be discourced and project and does not describe how quality cornor lesulate will be discourced and project and does not describe how quality cornor lesulate will be discourced and project and does not describe how quality cornor lesulate will be discourced and project and does not describe how quality cornor lesulate will be discourced and project and does not describe how quality cornor lesulate will be described on the court of project state. As it is almost eleven morths into the cCMS Project and described and project will be desired and described and project and described and project will be desired and project and described and project and described and project and described and project will be desired and proj							and maintenance of the proposed interface solution between Salesforce and FileNet. The interface solution should be clearly analyzed, documented, mapped to project requirements, and communicated to	2017.07.1102.R3				Phase 2 design sessions but the interface solution is still unclear.
As it is almost eleven months into the eCMS Project and several deliverables was already approved and many are panding approval, it is important for a quality management plan to be forming plan to plan to management plan plan to management plan to	Management and	2019.07.IT05	Risk	Moderate	High	management plan and assigned quality assurance resources may impact the	June 23, 2019 but was not yet approved by DLIR. The draft plan did not include quality metrics, quality standards, or quality objectives of the project and does not describe how quality control results will be documented or reported. Additionally, the Quality Assurance Lead		Finalize the quality management plan.	management processes and metrics that will best serve this project. •Include quality standards or reference to specific criteria (refer to finding 2019.07.PM03). •Update the project schedule to assign quality assurance resources (refer		04/27/21, 05/27/21, 06/25/21, 07/27/21, and 08/25/21: Quality metrics are critical for evaluating and monitoring current project activities such as training, testing, and go-live readiness. Selection of quality metrics should consider
Configuration Management A lack of a configuration management plan in place management plan in place may impact the performance or quality. Security 2019.07.1TO7 Risk Moderate Moderate A lack of a configuration management plan in place may impact the performance or quality. Moderate A lack of a configuration management plan in place may impact the performance or quality. Security 2019.07.1TO7 Risk Moderate Moderate Moderate A lack of a configuration management plan in by October 11, 2019. Based on the current project plan is in accordance with IEEE 828-2012 – Standard for Configuration management plan in systems and Software process, configuration management plan in systems and Software process, configuration management plan in place increases the concern that changes may not be properly tested, accepted and approved which may impact system performance or quality. Security 2019.07.1TO7 Risk Moderate							deliverables were already approved and many are pending approval, it is important for a quality management plan to be formalized and resources	2019.07.IT05.R2	activities on previously approved or			09/28/21: DUR discussed possible quality metrics to use but IV&V has not yet seen collection or monitoring of any metrics.
Management plan may impact the performance and quality of the system if unauthorized or untested changes are promoted between environments. Accuity will look yet set, accepted and approved security management plan in place may inpact the security and privacy of the data. The Security and privacy of the data. The Security and privacy of the data. The Security management plan in place may instant the security and privacy of the data. The Security management plan in place may instant the security and privacy of the data. The Security management plan in place may instant the security and privacy of the data. The Security management plan in place may instant the security and privacy of the data. The Security management plan in place may instant the security and privacy of the data. The Security management plan in place may instant the security and privacy of the data. The Security management plan in place may instant the security management plan in place may instant in properly defined security expendents and sequely of the system in the security management plan in place may instant in the proper plan in place may instant in the proper plan in place may instant in management plan in place may of the data. The Security management plan in place may instant in improperly defined security expendents and approach the security management plan in place may in the plan in place may instant in improperly defined security expendents and approach the security management plan in place may in the plan i	Configuration	2019.07.IT06	Risk	Moderate	Moderate	A lack of a configuration management		2019.07.IT06.R1	Develop a formal configuration	•Ensure the plan is in accordance with IEEE 828-2012 – Standard for	Open	
management plan in place may impact the security and privacy of the data. The security management plan in place may impact project plan, the eCMS Project was supposed to begin the Build stage of the Build stage of the Build stage, not having a security management plan in place may result in improperly defined security requirements and may preclude the adequacy of the system to support the data needs of the system. Security controls should be defined in the security management plan and The security management plan in place may result in improperly defined security requirements and may preclude the adequacy of the system to support the data needs of the system. Security controls should be defined in the security management plan and The security management plan in place may result in improperly defined security real plan. The security management plan in place may result in improperly defined security requirements and may preclude the adequacy of the system to support the data needs of the system. Security controls should be defined in the security management plan and The security management plan in place may result in improperly defined security real plan. The security management plan in place may result in improperly defined security requirements and may preclude the security management plan. The security management plan of the security management plan. The security management plan of the security management plan. The security management plan of the security management plan. The security management plan of the security management plan. The security management plan of the security management plan of the security management plan. The security management plan of the sec						plan may impact the performance and quality of the system if unauthorized or untested changes are promoted	plans to prepare a configuration management plan by October 11, 2019. Based on the current project plan, the eCMS Project was supposed to begin the Build stage of Phase 1. Although the recent DHS development will likely delay the start of the Build stage, not having a configuration management plan in place increases the concern that changes may not be properly tested, accepted and approved which may impact system		, ,	Configuration Management in Systems and Software Engineering and includes the configuration management planning process, configuration identification process, configuration change control process, configuration status accounting process, configuration auditing process, interface control process, and release management process. **Obstacless and DUR should collaborate and agree on the configuration management plan purposes and processes that will best serve this	,	04/27/21, 05/27/21, 06/25/21, 07/27/21, 08/25/21, and 09/28/21: No updates to report. Accuity will continue to evaluate the configuration management plan and
the security and privacy of the data. project plan, the eCMS Project was supposed to begin the Build stage of Phase I. Although the recent DHS development will likely delay the start of the Build stage, not having a security management plan in place may result in improperly defined security requirements and may preclude the adequacy of the system to support the data needs of the system. Security controls should be defined in the security management plan and project plan, the eCMS Project was supposed to begin the Build stage of having a security management will likely delay the start of the Build stage, not having a security management plan in place may result in improperly defined security requirements and may preclude the adequacy of the system. Security controls should be defined in the security management plan and project plan, the eCMS Project was supposed to begin the Build stage of standards that will best serve this project. poly 28/21: No updates to 2019-07/27/21, 06/25/21, 07/27/21, and 08/25/21: No updates to 2019-07/27/21, of/27/21, o	Security	2019.07.IT07	Risk	Moderate	Moderate			2019.07.IT07.R1			Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021.
of the Build stage, not having a security management plan in place may result in improperly defined security requirements and may preclude the adequacy of the system to support the data needs of the system. Security controls should be defined in the security management plan and						management plan in place may impact	on June 3, 2019 but was not yet approved by DLIR. Based on the current project plan, the eCMS Project was supposed to begin the Build stage of Phase 1. Although the recent DHS development will likely delay the start		plan meets specific standards.	DataHouse and DLIR should collaborate and agree upon the specific		04/27/21, 05/27/21, 06/25/21, 07/27/21, and 08/25/21: No updates to
information security and privacy risk.							of the Build stage, not having a security management plan in place may result in improperly defined security requirements and may preclude the adequacy of the system to support the data needs of the system. Security controls should be defined in the security management plan and implemented as part of an organization-wide process that manages		plan.			October 2021. Accuity will continue to evaluate the security management plans and

ASSESSMENT	EU 10 10 10		ORIGINAL	CURRENT						FINDING			0.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0
Project	2020.03.PM01	Issue	High	Moderate	The COVID-19 pandemic is impacting	The COVID-19 pandemic has created uncertainty with respect to the	RECOMMENDATION ID 2020.03.PM01.R1	RECOMMENDATION Explore possible ways to keep the	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION •Evaluate DLIR SMEs availability and bandwidth to work on the project.	Closed	FINDING STATUS UPDATE Refer to the June 2020 IV&V Monthly Report for status updates prior to July	6/25/2021	CLOSURE REASON Although there will continue to be
Organization and	2020.00.11101	13300	1.1.9.1	moderate			LOZO.GO.I MOTACI				2020.	0,20,2021	impacts of the pandemic on costs,
Management					the impact to project costs and the	diverted project resources to the UI Division to respond to the		available resources.	how to best utilize available DLIR SMEs.				schedule, and resources, Accuity
						skyrocketing number of unemployment claims. This finding focuses on the					07/29/20: COVID-19 continues to impact the availability of DLIR project		will continue to monitor these under
						impacts of COVID-19 specific to the eCMS Project.							
•					project execution although the extent of the impact to project costs and the	timely completion of the project and its cost. Understandably, DLIR has diverted project resources to the UI Division to respond to the	2020.03.PM01.R2	project moving forward with	Consider reshuffling of user stories in current and upcoming sprints and		2020.		schedule, and resources, Accuity
						The severity rating and the following IV&V recommendations are based on a project-focused perspective, with an understanding that higher DUR department level priorities may limit the project's ability to respond effectively and timely. Although this finding is reported under the Project Organization and Management IV&V Assessment Category, this finding also impacts the criticality ratings for the Governance Effectiveness; Cost, Schedule and Resource Management; Risk Management; Communications Management; Data Conversion; Quality Management and Testing; and Security categories. In addition to the specific recommendations made as a part of this finding, the IV&V recommendations made at findings 2019.09.PMOZ, 2019.07.PMOZ,							

ASSESSMENT	EINIDING ID	TVRE	ORIGINAL	CURRENT	EINDING	ANALYPIC	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING	EINDING STATIIS LIPPATE	CLOSED DATE	E CLOSURE REASON
Project Organization and Management	2020.08.PM	MO1 Risk	Moderate	Moderate	Inadequate planning and lack of a detailed project schedule for Phase 2 may impact the execution of Phase 2 activities and result in delays.	DataHouse's updated project management plan and project schedule was scheduled for completed in InJuly 2020. The task is not yet completed and there is no estimated timeline for completion. Some of the details of the Phase 2 planning were verbally discussed including DataHouse's deliverables, assigned resources, and general approach; however, additional planning is needed. The current project management plan was last updated in August 2019 and many of the processes are outdated or need improvement (2020.07.PM01). Additionally, the cCMS Project is now operating under completely different circumstances due to the COVID-19 pandemic (2020.03.PM01). The following are some of the project management plan details that are unclear or need improvement: *How Phase 1 and Phase 2 activities will be performed simultaneously with limited DUR project excurres; priority of Phase 1 or Phase 2 tasks; process for resolving scheduling conflicts. *Detailed project schedule with Phase 2 tasks, due dates, and required resources ability to work remotely including access, equipment, and technology. *How the Content Management and Case Management components for the Phase 2 will be developed; the number of Content Management forms in scope for Phase 2. *Roles and responsibilities for Phase 2 DataHouse and DUR project team members. *Updated process for project communications for identification of Phase 2 internal and external stakeholders; alternative communication channels in place of standing project meetings or changes in working arrangements. *Process and metrics for evaluating project progress and performance for timely detection of issues. Although significant uncertainty due to the COVID-19 pandemic makes it difficult to know the exact road ahead, proactive planning and contingency planning are critical for anticipating changes and minimizing impacts to the project.		Complete Phase 2 planning.	Ensure mutual understanding of Phase 2 plan and approach between DataHouse and DUR. Provide adequate details of Phase 2 in the project schedule. Consider building contingency plans for COVID-19 into the project management plan and processes.	Closed	09/28/20. DataHouse updated the project management plan to include some additional details regarding Phase 2 deliverables and several project management processes. Additional clarification of project management processes (e.g., performance metrics, monitoring DUR project resource workloads, resolving conflicts, or priorities for phases), contingency plans, and the project schedule are still needed. 10/23/20: DataHouse and DUR discussed and clarified project management processes. In general, project performance metrics are not collected or monitored. Instead DataHouse primarily uses the project schedule to manage and monitor project performance. DataHouse and DUR clarified processes for resolving conflicts or changes in resource availability and priorities for phases. DataHouse sha not yet added the detailed tasks for Phase 2 beyond the planning stage and plans to add more detailed tasks as more specific project information (e.g., features, number of epics) is determined. The Case Management development team also monitors progress with stats on the number of user stories completed in each sprint and the number in the backlog.		CEOSORE READOR
Project Organization and Management		MO1 Positive	N/A	N/A	The DataHouse Case Management development team works very collaboratively with DIR and demonstrates commitment to continuou improvement resulting in smoother project execution and increased transparency.	The Scrum methodology employed by the DataHouse Case Management development team inherently promotes collaboration, open communication, transparency, and process improvement through built in so daily stand-up and retrospective meetings. Over and above this, the Case Management development team members don't just go through the exercise of Scrum meetings but really embrace the spirit of the methodology. The Case Management development team members have: eWorked closely with DLIR subject matter experts (SMEs) to ensure user and business needs are thoroughly understood. *Encouraged DLIR SMEs to really explore opportunities for business process improvements. *Openly communicated solution options including rationale for optimal design considerations, limitations, and benefits as well as ways the solution can help to a chieve business process improvements for DLIR. *Listened to feedback from DLIR and timely implemented improvements to project processes (e.g., user story approval process). *Demonstrated genuine commitment to the success of the project. This approach has helped DLIR team members to build a high level of comfort with and understanding of the Case Management solution and has contributed to a smoother execution of the Case Management part of the project.	N/A	N/A for positive findings.	N/A for positive findings.	Closed	N/A	3/27/2020	Closed as this is a positive finding.
System Software, Hardware, and Integrations	2019.09.ΙΤΟ	O1 Positive	N/A	NA	The DataHouse team's swift and adaptive response to issues and risks minimized impact and further delays to project development.	Many members of the DataHouse team have contributed to the following successes:		N/A for positive findings.	N/A for positive findings.	Closed	N/A	10/25/2019	Closed as this is a positive finding.

ASSESSMENT			ORIGINAL	CURRENT			RECOMMENDATION ID			FINDING			
Governance Effectiveness	FINDING ID 2019.07.PG01	Positive	N/A	N/A	FINDING The DCD Executive Sponsor is highly engaged and plays an active and visible role in guiding, monitoring, and championing the eCMS Project.	ANALYSIS The DCD Executive Sponsor's close involvement in the project has provided strong leadership that has, to an extent, compensated for the lack of formal governance (refer to finding 2019.07.PG02) and other project deficiencies noted throughout this report. However, as important as good sponsorship is, this factor alone can not be relied upon to guarantee project success.	N/A	N/A for positive findings.	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION N/A for positive findings.	Closed	FINDING STATUS UPDATE N/A	9/20/2019	E CLOSURE REASON Closed as this is a positive finding.
Governance Effectiveness	2019.07.PG02		Moderate		The lack of a formal executive steering committee and change control board may limit the effectiveness of project governance.	The DataHouse proposal and Project Management Plan (version 1.2) make references to a steering committee; however, a formal committee was not chartered. Currently, the DCD Executive Sponsor is assigned the authority in the Project Management Plan to approve all project changes.		Assemble and formalize an executive steering committee.	The size and selection of committee members should balance the representation of key stakeholders with the need for efficient decision making. *Formalize the committee mission, responsibilities, and the types and the thresholds of decisions that need committee approval in a steering committee charter. *Consider the need or ease of creating a change control board with a subset of the committee for certain types of decisions.	Closed	109/20/19: Accuity decreased the severity rating from Level 2 (Moderate) to Level 3 (Low). The eCMS Executive Steering Committee (ESC) was assembled and held its first meeting on September 13, 2019. Members were informed of the committee's purpose, roles, and member tasks; however, the types and thresholds of decisions that need committee approval or attention was not formalized. The next meeting is scheduled for October 11, 2019. 10/25/19: The October 11, 2019 ESC meeting was effectively run by the DCD Project Sponsor to discuss key risks and issues and to align the eCMS Project direction with DLR and ETS strategic objectives. The thresholds for decisions that require committee attention were also established.		Closed as the eCMS ESC was formalized.
Governance	2019.07.PG03		Moderate		The unclear DataHouse contract terms may limit objective evaluation of contractor performance and contract fulfillment.	The procurement of the System Integrator (SI) for the eCMS Project was performed by DLIR EDPSO and reviewed by ETS. The RFP and DataHouse contract does not clearly outline expected deliverables, evaluation criteria for accepting deliverables, and clear delineation of roles and responsibilities. There has already been confusion or misunderstandings due to unclear contract terms in the areas of form design, risk and issue tracking (refer to finding 2019.07.PM09), requirements tracking (refer to finding 2019.07.PM01), and communications (refer to finding 2019.07.PM07). Additionally, the lack of specific acceptance criteria has led to approval of deliverables that do not meet industry standards (refer to finding 2019.07.PM.03). DataHouse has already prepared certain management plans and project documents and has been amenable to providing certain additional deliverables even though they were not clearly required to by the RFP or contract. Clear contract terms set expectations for deliverables and will assist DLIR to ensure that contractors fulfill obligations to the standard of quality that is required.		Evaluate the need for a contract modification to clarify contract terms.	Consider including key project documents as deliverables such as a requirements management plan and requirements traceability matrix (RTIM) (refer to finding 2019.07.PM10), risk and issue log (refer to finding 2019.07.PM09), and testing documentation. Consider including acceptance criteria based on industry standards. Fo example, the acceptance criteria could be compliance with Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 29148-2018 for a requirement traceability matrix or compliance with IEEE 829 for test documentation. Consider including measurable success metrics (refer to finding 2019.07.PM02). Consider the need to outline roles and responsibilities between DLIR and DataHouse (refer to finding 2019.07.PM02).	or ts	09/20/19: DUR has decided to address this finding through updates of project plans. DataHouse has shown an openness to develop and continuously improve project deliverables including project plans. Roles and responsibilities have been more openly discussed and plan to be incorporated within project plans. Furthermore, success and quality metrics are being drafted which will also be an additional method for evaluating contractor performance and fulfillment.		Closed as DLIR will address through project plan updates. The need for clarification of roles and responsibilities as well as acceptance criteria and success metrics will continue to be monitored under the 2019.07.PM02 Project Organization, 2019.07.PM03 Deliverable Review, and 2019.07.ITOS Quality Management findings.
Governance Effectiveness	2019.07.PG04	Risk	Low	N/A		Large IT projects are not a regular occurrence for many State departments. Often times project resources are assigned from within the departments that have valuable organizational and operational knowledge but do not have the necessary project management experience. Having guidelines and checklists and access to project documents from past State projects would greatly benefit even experienced project teams. ETS, as the State of Hawaii's IT oversight office, is in the best position to gather project assets and put forth guidelines.		Initiate conversations with ETS to discuss DLIR T and project support needs and responsibilities.	Discuss what resources, guidance, and shared project assets would be most helpful to DUR. Discuss what project assets DUR can provide to contribute to the development of a centralized project management library. Consider involving the project steering committee to align and clarify ETS vs. steering committee governing roles.	Closed	09/20/19: ETS began sharing best practices and lessons learned with DUR including taking the DUR Project Manager to sprint meetings for another State project. ETS is a member of the newly formed eCMS Executive Steering Committee (ESC) and will use that vehicle to share lessons learned with DUR Additionally, DUR is forming a DUR IT Steering Committee to provide oversight to all DUR IT projects. The DCD Executive Sponsor is a member of that DUR committee and plans to share eCMS lessons learned and project templates with other DUR IT projects.		Closed as discussions occurred with ETS and the risk is adequately mitigated with the planned course of action.
Benefits Realizatio	n 2019.07.PG06	Risk	Low	N/A	Failure to align statutes with the eCMS Project moderization objectives may reduce the operational improvements that are achieved.	The eCMS Project's primary modernization objective is to move to a paperless and automated business process. The new system is being designed to allow for electronic filing, routing, and tracking of forms. However, current disability compensation statutes have not been revised to require that these forms are filed electronically by law. As such, manual paper forms may continue to be submitted by external users such as claimants, employers, and insurance companies. As the development of a portal for public filing will not begin until Phase 3, this risk is not as imminent. However, as the evaluation of potential impacts, collection of feedback from stakeholders, and the legislative process to amend statutes is a long process, the initial planning should begin as early as possible so as not to postpone or reduce the realization of the benefits from the new system.		Develop a plan and timeline to amend the statutes to align to project and organizational objectives.		Closed	109/20/19: In 2016, DLIR convened a Working Group (WG) consisting of representatives from various DCD-related stakeholder groups. The WG provides an avenue for DLIR to understand stakeholders' concerns and a forum for the stakeholders to understand the DLIR's business process improvements including the need for statutorily mandated electronic claim filings. DLIR plans to draft statutory changes to mandate electronic filing in FY2022 (effective July 1, 2023). This timeframe was decided on as it allows DLIR to proactively involve stakeholders in testing production and provide stakeholders the appropriate time to ready their systems for electronic filing.	9/20/2019	Closed as DLIR has a plan to align statutes with eCMS Project objectives.
Project Organization and Management	2019.07.PM01	Positive	N/A	N/A	The DLIR Project Manager is a dedicated project lead who works collaboratively with internal stakeholders.	The DLIR Project Manager is hardworking and has continually demonstrated dedication to the project and an eagerness to learn. Additionally, the DLIR Project Manager has some of the necessary leadership qualities that make her a good project manager. Her positive nature and collaborative approach develops trust with and satisfies concerns of many internal stakeholders. This has mitigated some of the communication and OCM risks (refer to findings 2019.07.PM07 and 2019.07.PM07. However, the DLIR Project Manager is the only full-time DLIR employee assigned to the eCMS Project and there is not a sufficient amount of project resources (refer to finding 2019.07.PM14) to properly manage the project.	N/A	N/A for positive findings.	N/A for positive findings.	Closed	N/A	9/20/2019	Closed as this is a positive finding.
Project Organization and Management	2019.07.PM04	Issue	High	N/A	BAFO without obtaining a written letter of intent between DataHouse and DHS. Furthermore, the eCMS Project advanced for 10 months without a forma MOU between DLIR and DHS and reliance on the DataHouse Project	The DataHouse BAFO proposed a technical solution that planned to leverage DHS's IBM FileNet environment; however, there was no written agreement between DataHouse and DHS that supported DHS intent to support shared services. Once the eCMS Project was underway, the MOU discussions with DHS were primarily led by the DataHouse Project Sponsor. The eCMS Project advanced for 10 months without finalizing the MOU between DHS and DUR. As the proposed solution is no longer viable due to the recent DHS development, an alternative solution must be determined (refer to finding 2019.07.IT01) and previously accepted or drafted deliverables may need to be updated. Although the eCMS Project will not be able to utilize DHS's IBM FileNet environment, the project still plans to leverage DHS's enterprise licenses for FileNet and Datacap. Before moving forward in the project, DUR should finalize all necessary agreements to ensure that the alternative solution is viable and prevent further delays.		Finalize the MOU to leverage DHS' enterprise licenses for FileNet and Datacap. DLIR should lead all discussions and negotiations of vendor contracts or agency agreements. Identify and complete all critical tasks prior to moving forward with an alternative solution.		Closed	09/20/19: The MOU with DHS for Datacap and FileNet licenses is close to being finalized. DUR received a draft from DHS on September 1, 2019 and it was sent to the Attorney General's office on September 17, 2019. Accuity has observed that DUR has led the contract discussions and negotiations with AWS.		Closed as the MOU with DHS is in process to be finalized and DLIR is leading contractor negotiations. The recommendation to identify all critical tasks will continue to be monitored under the 2019.07.PM13 Schedule Management finding.

ASSESSMENT			ORIGINAL	CURRENT						FINDING			
CATEGORY	FINDING ID	TYPE	SEVERITY	SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Project Organization and Management	2019.07.PM05				A lack of clarity on DataHouse's development methodology may not allow or adequately prepare stakeholders to participate readily.	referred to as "Water-Scrum-Fall". This is a combination of the waterfall and Agile methods that defines the full set of requirements at the beginning but uses Agile user stories and sprints while building the software. Based on the current project plan, the eCMS Project was supposed to begin the Build stage of Phase 1 and transition to the Scrum methodology. Although the recent DHS development will likely delay the kickoff of this stage, there are a number of concerns regarding the transition to the Scrum methodology: DataHouse has not yet fully determined the number, length, and details of the sprints. *The project schedule also does not yet reflect the agile sprints cycles or identify resources who are expected to participate. *There have not been communications with the DUR project team and stakeholders regarding the Scrum methodology or the roles and responsibilities they have during this stage of the project. *Many of the DataHouse project team members work remotely and are unable to work on-site.	2019.07.PM05.R2	Communicate the approach for executing Scrum phases to all team members and impacted stakeholders.			09/20/19: Accuity has kept the severity rating as Level 2 (Moderate). Although DataHouse has incorporated the Case Management sprint schedule into the overall project schedule and provided a high-level overview of the requirements/user stories to be covered by each sprint, roles and responsibilities still need to be clearly defined and communicated. The Case Management development team follows a classic Scrum model and plans to clarify roles and responsibilities of Product Owners and users, how new requirements will be approved and prioritized, and acceptance criteria during the next user review and Epic 2. The Content Management development team follows a semi-agile process and drafted an overview document of the team's change management practices. 10/25/19: The Case Management development team held a training for the DUR Product Owners to provide an overview of the Scrum methodology and the Product Owner role and responsibilities.		Closed as the Scrum methodology has been formalized and was communicated to the DUR eCMS Product Owners. The recommendation to communicate the methodology to all impacted stakeholders will continue to be monitored under the 2019.07.PM07 Stakeholder Communications finding.
Reengineering	2019.07.PM11		Moderate		development may require additional effort to correct.	There is no formal plan for BPR activities. DataHouse's approach to BPR dwas to start with the current state process maps, walkthrough the process with stakeholders, and make updates to the processes maps. As a result of this process, DataHouse provided future state process maps. However, Team Accuity was unable to clearly understand how processes were prioritized for change, root causes were addressed, or processes were improved (e.g., elimination of rework loops). Business process improvement is a key deliverable identified in the RFP and in DataHouse's contract. The DataHouse contract states that the key deliverable will be manifested through: faster throughput of data into the system; faster response times to request by users, less errors reported in the system; greater flexibility to make system changes; and online access and input by internal and external users. However, the RFP and contract do not clearly identify how this deliverable will be supported, evaluated, or accepted by DUR (refer to finding 2019.07.PG03. There should be clear documentation on how the new solution plans on measuring and achieving key business process improvement performance goals. The IV&V recommendations made at 2019.07.PG05.R1, 2019.07.PG05.R2, and 2019.07.PG05.R3 regarding clear and measurable goals and success metrics will also address this finding. Below is an additional recommendation to further improve BPR activities.		in a log.	This log should be used to plan BPR and design activities and to develop content for communications and training.		process or tool for tracking BPR changes for future communications and training has not been created. 10/25/19 and 11/22/19: BPR opportunities continue to be discussed during sprint sessions; however, identified opportunities are not formally tracked. 12/20/19: The Case Management user story tracker tool identifies which user stories resulted in BPR.		Closed as user stories resulting in significant BPR can be identified for communications and training.
System Software, Hardware, and Integrations	2019.07.IT01				The original solution proposed by DataHouse in their BAFO to leverage the existing DHS FileNet hosting infrastructure is no longer a feasible solution.	There are a number of items in the DataHouse BAFO that are no longer feasible based on the inability to leverage the existing DHS FielNet environment. Under the original solution, DHS would monitor and maintain the enterprise IBM FileNet environment. As DHS will no longer be providing access to their IBM FileNet environment, DLM will need to identify resources to take on the monitoring and maintenance of the IBM FileNet infrastructure. As DataHouse recommended in the BAFO the on-premise installation for the IBM ECM solution due to the capture volume and higher performance of document file transfers over the LAN and internal State network, DLM should be provided with a technical analysis of various solution options that includes a comparison of the alternatives on performance. Although this issue relates to the proposed hosting infrastructure solution for Content Management, this is an opportunity for both DataHouse and DLR to reassess the total solution considering all updated technological opportunities available today. DLR should ensure that DataHouse performs sufficient analysis regarding possible alternative solution options. DLR should also take the time to perform adequate due diligence before making any decisions. It is important that thorough analysis and adequate due diligence is performed before moving forward in the project client order to avoid further project delays and to ensure that the delivered system will meet operational and stakeholder requirements.	2019.07.IT01.R2	analysis of the alternative solution.	Consider solutions that could include other technical applications that could utilize a different choice of methodology using different tools, provide a cheaper solution for the longer-term, and faster implementation. Consider the following website which lists 20 competitive alternatives to IBM FileNet for consideration: www.g.Z.com/products/lbm-filenet-content manager/competitors/alternatives. Additional research could result in more extensive choices going forward. Include the impact of the alternative solution to project cost, schedule, resources, security, maintenance and operations, system software, hardware integration requirements, performance requirements, and required infrastructure to ensure a complete and successful working solution. *Clearly define what needs to be completed, who is responsible, steps for completion, and timing. *Considerations for impact on project cost includes costs related to the following: *Processing, storage and connectivity *Operating system and database management licensing *Interfacing technologies *Maintenance and operations *Data center, collocation facilities and availability requirements *If it is decided that FileNet is the most cost effective and efficient solution, renewal and ongoing costs of FileNet enterprise licensing *Considerations for impact on project schedule, time estimates, and resources include: *Acquisition, installation, and configuration of software and infrastructure *Ongoing maintenance and operations (patching, updates) *Performance of security assessments *Change and configuration management		09/20/19: In July 2019, DataHouse presented AWS as a potential alternative solution. The proposed AWS solution was compared to another cloud solution, Microsoft Azure, in respects to cost and performance. DataHouse reviewed the listing of content management solutions provided by Accuity and concluded that IBM FileNet was the best solution for this project; however, no formal analysis was prepared. DLIR approved AWS as the replacement hosting infrastructure solution effectively remediating the inability to leverage the DHS FileNet environment issue. Accuity had also recommended that a comprehensive technical analysis be prepared on the replacement solution; however, DLIR decided not to formally document the analysis as they are comfortable with the selection based on reading of AWS whitepapers, the information provided by DataHouse, and discussions with ETS and EDPSO.		Closed as a replacement solution was approved by DUR. As a comprehensive analysis was not prepared and there is still a need for additional clarification regarding certain aspects of the replacement solution, Accutity will continue to monitor plans for AWS security under finding 2019.07.IT07, AWS M&O roles and responsibilities under the new preliminary concern 2019.10.IT02, and AWS costs under finding 2019.07.PM12.
Design	2019.07.1T03	Issue	High	N/A	The Content Management design documents were based on incomplete, inaccurate, and outdated requirements.	Case Management is currently in the design phase and design documents have not been provided. The Content Management Design (version 1.0) approved by DLIR on May 6, 2019. The recent DHS development will require design documents to be updated after an alternative Content Management hosting infrastructure solution is selected. However, even prior to this development, the Content Management design documents were drafted based on requirements documentation that is incomplete (refer to finding 2019.07.PM10). The requirements document deficiencies should be remediated immediately and the design documents updated accordingly.		Update the Content Management design documents.	Consider updates for revised requirements documents (refer to finding 2019,07.PM10) and for the alternative Content Management hosting infrastructure solution (refer to finding 2019.07.IT01).	Closed	09/20/19: Accuity decreased the severity rating from Level 1 (High) to Level 2 (Moderate). DataHouse updated the Content Management Design Document to include additional, more detailed requirements. As noted above at finding 2019.07.PM10, DataHouse is in the process of updating the requirements documentation to include all requirements from the DataHouse contract. 10/20/19: The Content Management Design Document (version 1.2) was updated to refine or add requirements.	10/25/2019	Closed as the Content Management design documents are regularly updated as changes to requirements are made. The completeness of the design with respect to contract requirements will continue to be monitored under the 2019.07.PM10 requirements finding.

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY	FINDING ID	TYPE	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	E CLOSURE REASON
Data Conversion	2019.07.IT04	Risk	Moderate	N/A			2019.07.IT04.R1	Update the Content Management	Consider updates for revised requirements documents (refer to finding	Closed		11/22/2019	Closed as changes in system
					plan that is based on incomplete,	documents have not be drafted. The Content Management Conversion		data conversion plan.	2019.07.PM10).		Content Management Conversion and Migration Plan (version 1.1) was		requirements do not appear to
					inaccurate, and outdated requirements	and Migration (version 0.0) document was drafted by DataHouse on June					updated on 09/05/19 before the Content Management Design Document		significantly impact the Content
						13, 2019 but was not yet approved by DLIR. The document was drafted					(version 1.1) was updated on 09/15/19 to include additional design		Management data conversion plan.
						based on requirements documentation that is incomplete (refer to finding					requirements. Changes to requirements should be evaluated for the impacts		
					correct.	2019.07.PM10). Furthermore, the Content Management Conversion and					on the conversion and migration plans and the detailed taxonomy mapping.		
						Migration (version 0.0) document included a risk that changes to the							
						requirements after a certain point in the project may cause additional					10/25/19: DataHouse evaluated the new requirements and determined that		
						effort to re-factor the migration design process.					there is no impact to the high level Content Management conversion		
											requirements included in the Conversion and Migration Plan.		
						As data conversion is the process of converting data from one source to							
						suit the system requirements of another, it is important that the data					11/22/19: Accuity reviewed the taxonomy mapping with the primary		
						conversion plan is based on accurate system requirements. The					stakeholder and confirmed that changes in system requirements will not have		
						requirements document deficiencies (refer to finding 2019.07.PM10)					a significant impact on the Content Management data conversion plan as the		
						should be remediated immediately and the data conversion plan updated					legacy system has limited data fields that are currently used.		
						accordingly.							

Appendix E: Prior IV&V Reports

AS OF DATE	DESCRIPTION
06/30/19	Initial On-Site IV&V Review Report
09/20/19	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
10/25/19	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
11/22/19	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
12/20/19	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
01/24/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
02/20/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
03/27/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
04/24/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
05/22/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
06/26/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
07/29/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
08/21/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
09/28/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
10/23/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
11/24/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
12/23/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
01/26/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
02/23/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report



AS OF DATE	DESCRIPTION		
03/24/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report		
04/27/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report		
05/27/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report		
06/25/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report		
07/27/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report		
08/25/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report		



Appendix F: Comment Log on Draft Report



Appendix F: Comment Log on Draft Report

DLIR DCD eCMS Project: IV&V Document Comment Log





ID#	Page #	Comment	Commenter's Organization	Accuity Resolution
1		No DLIR comments.		
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				



FIRST HAWAIIAN CENTER

ACCUITY LLP

999 Bishop Street

Suite 1900

Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

- Р 808.531.3400
- **г** 808.531.3433

www.accuityllp.com



Accuity LLP is an independent member of Baker Tilly International. Baker Tilly International Limited is an English company. Baker Tilly International provides no professional services to clients. Each member firm is a separate and independent legal entity, and each describes itself as such. Accuity LLP is not Baker Tilly International's agent and does not have the authority to bind Baker Tilly International nor act on Baker Tilly International's behalf. None of Baker Tilly International, Accuity LLP, nor any of the other member firms of Baker Tilly International has any liability for each other's acts or omissions. The name Baker Tilly and its associated logo are used under license from Baker Tilly International Limited.

© 2021 Accuity LLP. This publication is protected under the copyright laws of the United States and other countries as an unpublished work. All rights reserved.